## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

<b>FORM</b>	10-Q

(MARK ONE)

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF** 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

01 100.									
	FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOR	D FROMTO							
	Commission File N	Number 1-4462							
	STEPAN C (Exact name of registrant as	· - · · -							
	(Date name of registrant a								
Delav		36-1823834							
(State or other jurisdiction of in	ncorporation or organization)	(I.R.S. Emp	ployer Identification Number)						
	1101 Skokie Boulevard, Suite 50 (Address of principal	,	2						
	Registrant's telephone no	umber (847) 446-7500							
Title of each class	Securities registered pursuant to Sec Trading syn		Name of each exchange on whi	ich registered					
Common Stock, \$1 par value	SCL		New York Stock Exch	ange					
	) has filed all reports required to be filed by Sectioned to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to			12 months (or for					
	s submitted electronically every Interactive Data Fi ter period that the registrant was required to submi		o Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232	2.405 of this chapter)					
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerate	a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non- red filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerg	accelerated filer, a smaller reporting c ging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 (	company or an emerging growth con of the Exchange Act.	npany. See the					
Large accelerated filer	$\boxtimes$	Accelera	ted filer						
Non-accelerated filer		Smaller 1	reporting company						
Emerging growth company									
If an emerging growth company, indicate by chestandards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of t	ck mark if the registrant has elected not to use the e he Exchange Act.	extended transition period for complying	ng with any new or revised financia	l accounting					
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is	a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the E	xchange Act) Yes □ No ⊠							
Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each	h of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the	latest practicable date.							
Cla		Outs	standing at October 26, 2023						
Common Stock	, \$1 par value		22,367,381 Shares						

#### Part I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### **Item 1 - Financial Statements**

## STEPAN COMPANY CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME Unaudited

(In thousands, except per share amounts)		Three Mon Septeml		ded		Nine Mon Septem		
		2023		2022		2023		2022
Net Sales	\$	562,226	\$	719,185	\$	1,793,637	\$	2,146,094
Cost of Sales		490,990		600,709		1,582,444		1,786,785
Gross Profit		71,236		118,476		211,193		359,309
Operating Expenses:								
Selling		11,811		15,079		35,987		45,908
Administrative		22,904		33,848		68,132		79,499
Research, development and technical services		14,477		16,929		43,720		50,092
Deferred compensation income		(3,101)		(2,131)		(856)		(13,038)
		46,091		63,725		146,983		162,461
Goodwill impairment (Note 16)		_		_		_		978
Business restructuring expenses (Note 18)		5,628		92		5,827		225
Operating Income		19,517		54,659		58,383		195,645
Other Income (Expense):								
Interest, net		(2,987)		(2,221)		(9,674)		(7,254)
Other, net (Note 15)		(690)		(1,980)		3,348		(8,999)
		(3,677)		(4,201)		(6,326)		(16,253)
Income Before Provision for Income Taxes		15,840		50,458		52,057		179,392
Provision for Income Taxes		3,269		11,074		10,660		43,073
Net Income		12,571		39,384		41,397		136,319
Net Income Per Common Share (Note 10):								
Basic	\$	0.55	\$	1.73	\$	1.82	\$	5.98
Diluted	\$	0.55	\$	1.71	\$	1.80	\$	5.90
	<u> </u>		Ė	<u> </u>	Ť		Ť	
Shares Used to Compute Net Income Per Common Share (Note 10):								
Basic		22,786		22,753		22,770		22,813
Diluted		22,930		23,034		22,956		23,089

## $\begin{array}{c} {\rm STEPAN\ COMPANY} \\ {\rm CONDENSED\ CONSOLIDATED\ STATEMENTS\ OF\ COMPREHENSIVE\ INCOME} \\ {\rm Unaudited} \end{array}$

(In thousands)		Three Mor Septem			Nine Months Ended September 30,				
		2023	2022			2023		2022	
Net Income	\$	12,571	\$	39,384	\$	41,397	\$	136,319	
Other Comprehensive Income:									
Foreign currency translation adjustments (Note 11)		(19,578)		(30,002)		15,342		(56,269)	
Defined benefit pension adjustments, net of tax (Note 11)		61		435		179		1,305	
Derivative instrument activity, net of tax (Note 11)		562		3,996		666		8,827	
Total Other Comprehensive Income		(18,955)		(25,571)		16,187		(46,137)	
Comprehensive Income	\$	(6,384)	\$	13,813	\$	57,584	\$	90,182	

#### STEPAN COMPANY CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS Unaudited

(Dollars in thousands)	Septe	ember 30, 2023	December 31, 2022		
Assets					
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	105,508	\$	173,750	
Receivables, net		418,218		436,914	
Inventories (Note 6)		284,546		402,531	
Other current assets		41,164		31,607	
Total current assets		849,436		1,044,802	
Property, Plant and Equipment:					
Cost		2,546,520		2,370,552	
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(1,366,548)		(1,297,255)	
Property, plant and equipment, net		1,179,972		1,073,297	
Goodwill, net (Note 16)		96,526		95,922	
Other intangible assets, net		53,548		58,026	
Long-term investments (Note 3)		24,528		23,294	
Operating lease assets (Note 7)		65,334		62,540	
Other non-current assets		64,185		75,291	
Total assets	\$	2,333,529	\$	2,433,172	
Liabilities and Equity					
Current Liabilities:					
Current maturities of long-term debt (Note 14)	\$	227,014	\$	132,111	
Accounts payable		242,628		375,726	
Accrued liabilities		112,435		162,812	
Total current liabilities		582,077		670,649	
Deferred income taxes		9,149		10,179	
Long-term debt, less current maturities (Note 14)		422,375		455,029	
Non-current operating lease liabilities (Note 7)		53,653	-	50,559	
Other non-current liabilities		63,504		80,691	
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 8)					
Equity:					
Common stock, \$1 par value; authorized 60,000,000 shares;					
26,989,085 issued shares in 2023 and 26,840,843 issued shares in 2022		26,989		26,841	
Additional paid-in capital		244,431		237,202	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss (Note 11)		(151,325)		(167,512)	
Retained earnings		1,267,048		1,250,130	
Less: Common treasury stock, at cost, 4,627,645 shares in 2023					
and 4,605,858 shares in 2022		(184,372)		(180,596)	
Total equity		1,202,771		1,166,065	
Total liabilities and equity	\$	2,333,529	\$	2,433,172	

## STEPAN COMPANY CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Unaudited

(In thousands)		Nine Months Ended September 30,					
·		2023		2022			
Cash Flows From Operating Activities							
Net income	\$	41,397	\$	136,319			
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash							
provided by operating activities:							
Depreciation and amortization		78,315		69,958			
Deferred compensation		(856)		(13,038)			
Realized and unrealized (gains) losses on long-term investments		(2,598)		8,073			
Stock-based compensation		3,677		10,012			
Deferred income taxes		12,636		(2,110)			
Goodwill impairment (Note 18)		<del>-</del>		978			
Other non-cash items		1,132		1,698			
Changes in assets and liabilities:							
Receivables, net		25,838		(82,512)			
Inventories		122,714		(100,101)			
Other current assets		(10,239)		(5,030)			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(152,096)		42,625			
Pension liabilities		(1,474)		(1,685)			
Environmental and legal liabilities		(10,817)		10,264			
Deferred revenues		(1,730)		(524)			
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities		105,899		74,927			
Cash Flows From Investing Activities							
Expenditures for property, plant and equipment		(213,597)		(205,337)			
Business acquisition, net of cash acquired (Note 17)		_		(9,693)			
Other, net		1,669		3,156			
Net Cash Used In Investing Activities		(211,928)		(211,874)			
Cash Flows From Financing Activities							
Revolving debt and bank overdrafts, net (Note 14)		91,003		155,141			
Other debt borrowings (Note 14)		_		75,000			
Other debt repayments		(28,572)		(28,571)			
Dividends paid		(24,479)		(22,458)			
Company stock repurchased		_		(22,257)			
Stock option exercises		2,386		353			
Other, net		(3,701)		(2,650)			
Net Cash Provided By Financing Activities		36,637	_	154,558			
Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash	<del></del>	1,150		(11,111)			
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(68,242)		6,500			
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period		173,750		159,186			
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	\$	105,508	\$	165,686			
Supplemental Cash Flow Information	Ψ	100,000	Ψ	100,000			
Cash payments of income taxes, net of refunds	¢.	26,526	¢	23,595			
	\$		\$				
Cash payments of interest	\$	20,929	\$	11,297			

# STEPAN COMPANY NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2023 Unaudited

#### 1. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The condensed consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared by Stepan Company (the Company), without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations, although management believes that the disclosures are adequate and make the information presented not misleading. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring accruals, necessary to present fairly the Company's financial position as of September 30, 2023, its results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 and cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, have been included. These financial statements and related footnotes should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and related footnotes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 (2022 Annual Report on Form 10-K).

#### 2. <u>RECONCILIATIONS OF EQUITY</u>

Below are reconciliations of total equity for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022:

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts) Balance, June 30, 2023	 Total 1,215,097	\$ Common Stock 26,978	\$	Additional Paid-in Capital 242,215	\$ Common Treasury Stock (184,365)	\$ Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) (132,370)	\$ Retained Earnings 1,262,639
Issuance of 10,730 shares of common stock under incentive compensation plan	470	11		459	_	_	_
Stock-based and deferred compensation	1,750	_		1,757	(7)	_	_
Net income	12,571	_		_	_	_	12,571
Other comprehensive income	(18,955)	_		_	_	(18,955)	_
Cash dividends paid:							
Common stock (\$0.365 per share)	(8,162)	_		_	_	_	(8,162)
Balance, September 30, 2023	\$ 1,202,771	\$ 26,989	\$	244,431	\$ (184,372)	\$ (151,325)	\$ 1,267,048
(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)	Total	 Common	I	Additional Paid-in	Common Treasury	Accumulated Other Comprehensive	Retained
Balance, December 31, 2022	\$ 1,166,065	Stock		Capital	Stock	Income (Loss)	Earnings
Issuance of 43,502 shares of	1,100,000	\$ 26,841	\$		\$	\$	Earnings 1,250,130
common stock under incentive compensation plan	2,386	\$	\$	Capital	\$ Stock	\$ Income (Loss)	
		\$ 26,841	\$	237,202	\$ Stock	\$ Income (Loss)	
compensation plan	2,386	\$ 26,841	\$	237,202 2,342	\$ Stock (180,596)	\$ Income (Loss)	
compensation plan  Stock-based and deferred compensation	2,386 1,215	\$ 26,841	\$	237,202 2,342	\$ Stock (180,596)	\$ Income (Loss)	 1,250,130
compensation plan  Stock-based and deferred compensation  Net income	2,386 1,215 41,397 16,187	\$ 26,841	\$	237,202 237,202 2,342 4,887	\$ Stock (180,596)	\$   (167,512      (167,512	 1,250,130  —  41,397 —
compensation plan  Stock-based and deferred compensation  Net income  Other comprehensive income	\$ 2,386 1,215 41,397	\$ 26,841	\$	237,202 237,202 2,342 4,887	\$ Stock (180,596)	\$   (167,512      (167,512	 1,250,130

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)		Total	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Common Treasury Stock	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Retained Earnings
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$	1,125,711	\$ 26,825	\$ 229,510	\$ (172,322)	\$ (173,802)	\$ 1,215,500
Issuance of 2,734 shares of common stock under incentive compensation plan		169	3	166	_	_	_
Purchase of 54,780 shares of common stock		(5,281)	_	_	(5,281)	_	_
Stock-based and deferred compensation		3,300	1	3,360	(61)	_	_
Net income		39,384	_	_	_	_	39,384
Other comprehensive income (loss)		(25,571)	_	_	_	(25,571)	_
Cash dividends paid:							
Common stock (\$0.335 per share)		(7,473)	 	<u> </u>	 <u> </u>		(7,473)
Balance, September 30, 2022	\$	1,130,239	\$ 26,829	\$ 233,036	\$ (177,664)	\$ (199,373)	\$ 1,247,411
(In thousands, except share and per share amounts) Balance, December 31, 2021	<u> </u>	Total 1,074,193	\$ Common Stock 26,761	\$ Additional Paid-in Capital 220,820	\$ Common Treasury Stock (153,702)	\$ Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	\$ Retained Earnings
Issuance of 5,381 shares of						,	
common stock under incentive compensation plan		353	5	348	_	_	_
Purchase of 222,720 shares of common stock		(22,257)	_	_	(22,257)	_	_
Stock-based and deferred compensation		10,226	63	11,868	(1,705)	_	_
Net income		136,319	_	_	_	_	136,319
Other comprehensive income (loss)		(46,137)	_	_	_	(46,137)	_
Cash dividends paid:							
Common stock (\$1.005 per share)		(22,458)					(22,458)
Balance, September 30, 2022	\$	1,130,239	\$ 26,829	\$ 233,036	\$ (177,664)	\$ (199,373)	\$ 1,247,411

#### 3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Derivative assets and liabilities include the foreign currency exchange and interest rate swap contracts discussed in Note 4, *Derivative Instruments*, of the notes to the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements (included in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q). Fair value and carrying value were the same because the contracts were recorded at fair value. The fair values of the foreign currency contracts were calculated as the difference between the applicable forward foreign exchange rates at the reporting date and the contracted foreign exchange rates multiplied by the contracted notional amounts. The fair value of the interest rate swaps was calculated as the difference between the contracted swap rate and the floating interest rate multiplied by the present value of the notional amount of the contract.

At September 30, 2023, and December 31, 2022, the fair values and related carrying values of debt, including current maturities, were as follows (the fair value and carrying value amounts are presented without regard to unamortized debt issuance costs of \$1,017,000 and \$686,000 as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively):

(In thousands)	5	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022		
Fair value	\$	604,979	\$	541,029	
Carrying value		650,406		587,826	

The following tables present financial assets and liabilities, excluding cash and cash equivalents, measured on a recurring basis at fair value as of September 30, 2023, and December 31, 2022, and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall:

(In thousands)	tember 30, 2023	Level 1	Level 2	1	Level 3
Mutual fund assets	\$ 24,528	\$ 24,528	\$ _	\$	_
Derivative assets:					
Interest rate contracts	9,030	_	9,030		_
Foreign currency contracts	1,690	_	1,690		
Total assets at fair value	\$ 35,248	\$ 24,528	\$ 10,720	\$	_
Derivative liabilities:					
Foreign currency contracts	\$ 2,031	\$ 	\$ 2,031	\$	
(In thousands)	ember 31, 2022	Level 1	Level 2	1	Level 3
(In thousands) Mutual fund assets		\$ Level 1 23,294	\$ Level 2	\$	Level 3
· ·	 2022	 	 Level 2		Level 3
Mutual fund assets	 2022	 	 Level 2		Level 3
Mutual fund assets Derivative assets:	 23,294	 	 _		Level 3
Mutual fund assets Derivative assets: Interest rate contracts	 23,294 8,357	 	 8,357		
Mutual fund assets Derivative assets: Interest rate contracts Foreign currency contracts	 23,294 23,294 8,357 513	\$ 23,294	\$ 8,357 513	\$	

#### 4. <u>DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS</u>

At September 30, 2023, and December 31, 2022, the Company had open forward foreign currency exchange contracts to buy or sell foreign currencies with U.S. dollar equivalent amounts of \$104,699,000 and \$56,746,000, respectively. All forward foreign exchange contracts at September 30, 2023 had durations of one month to three months.

The Company is currently exposed to volatility in short-term interest rates and has mitigated certain portions of that risk by using an interest rate swap. The interest rate swap is recognized on the balance sheet as either an asset or a liability measured at fair value. At September 30, 2023, the Company held an interest rate swap contract with a notional value of \$100,000,000 that was designated as a cash flow hedge. Period-to-period changes in the fair value of the interest rate swap are initially recognized as gains or losses in other comprehensive income. As the interest rate swap contract is settled, the corresponding gain or loss is reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI) into earnings. The maturity date of the current interest swap contract is March 10, 2027, which is closely aligned with the June 24, 2027 maturity of the Company's revolving credit facility.

The fair values of the derivative instruments held by the Company on September 30, 2023, and December 31, 2022, are disclosed in Note 3, *Fair Value Measurements*, of the notes to the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements (included in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q). Derivative instrument gains and losses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, were immaterial. For amounts reclassified out of AOCI into earnings for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, see Note 11, *Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)*, of the notes to the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements (included in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q).

#### 5. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

Compensation expense recorded for all stock options, performance shares, time-based restricted stock units (RSUs) and stock appreciation rights (SARs) was as follows:

(In thousa	inds)										
Three Months Ended September 30,						Nine Months Ended September 30,					
	2023			2022			2023		2022	_	
\$		1.520	\$		3,057	\$	3,677	\$		10.012	

The decrease in stock-based compensation expense for both the third quarter and first nine months of 2023, compared to the same periods of 2022, was primarily attributable to Company management lowering its assessment of the achievement of performance targets for certain grants and the non-recurrence of accelerated vesting of certain equity grants for the Company's former Chief Executive Officer, who retired on April 25, 2022.

Unrecognized compensation costs for stock options, performance shares, RSUs and SARs were as follows:

(In thousands)	Se	ptember 30, 2023	December 31, 2022		
Stock options	\$	283	\$	692	
Performance shares and RSUs		4,658		6,144	
SARs		4,677		5,211	

The change in unrecognized compensation costs reflects the 2023 grants of stock options, performance shares, RSUs and SARs and Company management lowering its assessment of the achievement of performance targets for certain grants.

The Company granted the following awards in the first nine months of 2023:

	Shares
Stock options	2,777
Performance shares (at target) and RSUs	87,025
SARs	77,006

The unrecognized compensation costs at September 30, 2023, are expected to be recognized over weighted-average periods of 1.1 years for stock options, 1.8 years for performance shares and RSUs and 1.7 years for SARs.

#### 6. <u>INVENTORIES</u>

The composition of inventories at September 30, 2023, and December 31, 2022, was as follows:

(In thousands)	_ <u>S</u>	eptember 30, 2023	Dece	ember 31, 2022
Finished goods	\$	186,788	\$	250,373
Raw materials		97,758		152,158
Total inventories	\$	284,546	\$	402,531

#### 7. LEASES

Lease cost is recognized in both the Cost of Sales and Operating Expenses sections of the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.

(In thousands)	 Three Mor Septem	nths End aber 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,				
	 2023		2022		2023	2022		
Lease Cost								
Operating lease cost	\$ 4,448	\$	3,917	\$	13,255	\$	11,968	
Short-term lease cost	2,697		1,887		8,215		4,587	
Variable lease cost	674		205		1,834		630	
Total lease cost	\$ 7,819	\$	6,009	\$	23,304	\$	17,185	
Other Information								
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:								
Operating cash flow from operating leases	\$ 4,447	\$	3,903	\$	13,276	\$	11,908	
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for new operating lease liabilities	916		455		8,336		4,017	

The following table outlines the maturities of lease liabilities as of September 30, 2023.

(In thousands)		
Undiscounted Cash Flows:		
2023 (excluding the nine months ended September 30, 2023)	\$	4,310
2024		13,549
2025		9,346
2026		6,976
2027		6,270
Subsequent to 2027		38,179
Total Undiscounted Cash Flows	\$	78,630
Less: Imputed interest		(12,190)
Present value	\$	66,440
Current operating lease liabilities (1)		12,787
Non-current operating lease liabilities		53,653
Total lease liabilities	\$	66,440
(1) This item is included in the Accrued liabilities line on the Company's Condensed Consolidated Bala	nce Sheet.	
Weighted-average remaining lease term-operating leases		9 Years
Weighted-average discount rate-operating leases		3.6%

As of September 30, 2023, the Company had equipment and railcars leases, valued at approximately \$5,959,000, that had not commenced. These leases will commence during the fourth quarter of 2023 and the first quarter of 2024 with lease terms ranging from 1 year to 7 years.

#### 8. <u>CONTINGENCIES</u>

There are a variety of legal proceedings pending or threatened against the Company that occur in the normal course of the Company's business, the majority of which relate to environmental assessment, protection and remediation matters. Some of these proceedings may result in fines, penalties, judgments or costs being assessed against the Company at some future time. The Company's operations are subject to extensive local, state and federal regulations, including the U.S. Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) and the Superfund amendments of 1986 (Superfund) as well as comparable regulations applicable to the Company's foreign locations. Over the years, the Company has received requests for information related to or has been named by government authorities as a potentially responsible party (PRP) at a number of sites where cleanup costs have been or may be incurred by the Company under CERCLA and similar state statutes. In addition, the Company is from time to time involved in routine legal proceedings incidental to the conduct of its business, including personal injury, property damage, tax, trade and labor matters. The Company believes that it has made adequate provisions for the costs it is likely to incur with respect to these claims.

In determining the appropriate level of environmental reserves, the Company considers several factors such as information obtained from investigatory studies; changes in the scope of remediation; the interpretation, application and enforcement of laws and regulations; changes in the costs of remediation programs; the development of alternative cleanup technologies and methods; and the relative level of the Company's involvement at various sites for which the Company is allegedly associated. The level of annual expenditures for remedial, monitoring and investigatory activities will change in the future as major components of planned remediation activities are completed and the scope, timing and costs of existing activities are changed. As of September 30, 2023, the Company estimated a range of possible environmental losses and legal losses of \$21,814,000 to \$45,769,000. Within the range of possible environmental losses and legal losses, management has currently concluded that no single amount is more likely to occur than any other amounts in the range and, thus, has accrued at the lower end of the range. These accruals totaled \$21,814,000 at September 30, 2023 and \$32,628,000 at December 31, 2022. Although the Company believes that its estimated range of possible environmental losses and legal losses and its reserves are adequate for contingencies, it is possible, due to the uncertainties noted above, that additional reserves could be required in the future. Cash expenditures related to environmental remediation and certain other legal matters approximated \$11,384,000 and \$1,511,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The majority of the increase in cash expenditures relates to remediation costs at the Company's Maywood, New Jersey site.

For certain sites, the Company has responded to information requests made by federal, state or local government agencies but has received no response confirming or denying the Company's stated positions. As such, estimates of the total costs, or range of possible costs, of remediation, if any, or the Company's share of such costs, if any, cannot be determined with respect to these sites. Consequently, the Company is unable to predict the effect thereof on the Company's financial position, cash flows and results of operations. Based on the Company's present knowledge with respect to its involvement at these sites, the possibility of other viable entities' responsibilities for cleanup, and the extended period over which any costs would be incurred, management believes that the Company has no material liability at these sites and that these matters, individually and in the aggregate, will not have a material effect on the Company's financial position. However, in the event of one or more adverse determinations with respect to such sites in any annual or interim period, the effect on the Company's cash flows and results of operations for those periods could be material.

Following are summaries of the Company's major contingencies at September 30, 2023:

#### Maywood, New Jersey Site

The Company's property in Maywood, New Jersey, property formerly owned by the Company adjacent to its current property and other nearby properties (collectively, the Maywood site) were listed on the National Priorities List in September 1993 pursuant to the provisions of CERCLA because of alleged chemical and radiological contamination. Pursuant to (i) a September 21, 1987 Administrative Order on Consent entered into between the USEPA and the Company for property formerly owned by the Company at the Maywood site and (ii) the issuance of an order on May 2, 1991, by the USEPA to the Company for property currently owned by the Company at the Maywood site, the Company has completed various Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Studies of soils and groundwater at the Maywood site. On September 23, 2014, USEPA issued its Record of Decision for chemically-contaminated soil at the Maywood site, which requires the Company to perform remedial cleanup of the soil and buried waste. The USEPA has not yet issued a Record of Decision for chemically-contaminated groundwater at the Maywood site. Based on the most current information available, the Company believes its recorded liability is reasonable having considered the range of estimated costs of remediation for the Maywood site. The estimate of the cost of remediation for the Maywood site could change again as the Company continues to hold discussions with the USEPA, as the remedial action is finalized, if a groundwater Record of Decision is issued or if other PRPs are identified. The ultimate amount for which the Company is liable could differ materially from the Company's current recorded liability.

In April 2015, the Company entered into an Administrative Settlement Agreement and Administrative Order on Consent with USEPA which requires payment of certain costs and performance of certain investigative and design work for chemically-contaminated soil.

In addition, under the terms of a settlement agreement reached on November 12, 2004, the U.S. Department of Justice and the Company agreed to fulfill the terms of a Cooperative Agreement reached in 1985. Under the Cooperative Agreement, the United States is responsible for the removal of radioactive waste at the Maywood site, including past and future remediation costs at the site. As such, the Company recorded no liability related to that settlement agreement.

#### D'Imperio Property Site

During the mid-1970's, Jerome Lightman and the Lightman Drum Company disposed of hazardous substances generated by the Company at several sites in New Jersey, including the D'Imperio site. The Company was named as a PRP in an October 2, 1998, lawsuit in the U.S. District Court for the District of New Jersey that involved the D'Imperio Site. Remediation work continues at the D'Imperio site. Based on current information, the Company believes that its recorded liability is reasonable having considered the range of estimated cost of remediation for the D'Imperio site. Depending on the ultimate cost of the remediation at this site, the amount for which the Company is liable could differ materially from the Company's current recorded liability.

#### Wilmington Site

Property formerly owned and operated by the Company in Wilmington, Massachusetts was listed on the National Priorities List in 2006. The Company, together with the current site owner and another potentially responsible party, entered into an Administrative Order on Consent in July 2007 to undertake a Remedial Investigation and Feasibility Study. A Record of Decision was issued by the USEPA on March 30, 2021. The Company and three other potentially responsible parties have entered into a consent decree, dated September 28, 2023, with USEPA and the Commonwealth of Massachusetts that requires the remedial design and remedial action of the remedy selected in the Record of Decision for two operable units and an interim remedy for another operable unit. Remediation at this site is being managed by its current owner, to whom the Company sold the property in 1980. The Company is contractually obligated to contribute up to five percent of the environmental response costs incurred by the current owner, with no limitation on the ultimate amount of contributions. The Company has paid the current owner \$3,592,000 for the Company's portion of environmental response costs at the Wilmington site through September 30, 2023. The

Company has recorded a liability for its portion of the estimated remediation costs for the site. Depending on the ultimate cost of the remediation at this site, the amount for which the Company is liable could differ materially from the current recorded liability.

On July 29, 2022, the Company and other potentially responsible parties were notified of a possible joint claim by federal and state trustees for alleged natural resource damages related to the Wilmington site. The alleged damages may result in a range of possible penalties and the Company believes it is probable that it will have exposure for this claim; however, at this stage, the Company is unable to predict the ultimate outcome of this claim, the allocation of costs among the potentially responsible parties or what impact, if any, the outcome might have on the Company's results of operations or cash flows.

The Company and other prior owners of the Wilmington site also entered into an agreement in April 2004 waiving certain statute of limitations defenses for claims which may be filed by the Town of Wilmington, Massachusetts, in connection with this site. While the Company has denied any liability for any such claims, the Company agreed to this waiver while the parties continue to discuss the resolution of any potential claim which may be filed.

#### Other U.S. Sites

Through the regular environmental monitoring of its plant production sites, the Company discovered levels of chemical contamination that were above thresholds allowed by law at its Elwood, Illinois (Millsdale) and Fieldsboro, New Jersey plants. The Company voluntarily reported its results to the applicable state environmental agencies. As a result, the Company is required to perform self-remediation of the affected areas. Based on current information, the Company believes that its recorded liability for the remediation of the affected areas is appropriate based on an estimate of expected costs. However, actual costs could differ materially from the current recorded liability.

#### 9. POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

#### **Defined Benefit Pension Plans**

The Company sponsors various funded qualified and unfunded non-qualified defined benefit pension plans, the most significant of which cover employees in the U.S. and U.K. locations. The U.S. and U.K. defined benefit pension plans are frozen and service benefits are no longer being accrued.

#### **Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost**

	UNITED STATES							
(In thousands)		Three Mon Septem	Nine Mon Septem					
		2023		2022		2023		2022
Interest cost	\$	1,731	\$	1,235	\$	5,193	\$	3,704
Expected return on plan assets		(2,133)		(2,201)		(6,399)		(6,602)
Amortization of net actuarial loss		(6)		577		(18)		1,731
Net periodic benefit cost	\$	(408)	\$	(389)	\$	(1,224)	\$	(1,167)
	UNITED KINGDOM							
				UNITED K	INGI	OOM		
(In thousands)	_	Three Mon Septem		nded	INGI	Nine Mon Septem		
(In thousands)	_			nded	INGI	Nine Mon		
(In thousands) Interest cost	\$	Septem		nded ),	\$	Nine Mon Septem		0,
	\$	Septem 2023	ber 30	nded ), 2022		Nine Mon Septem	ber 3	0, 2022
Interest cost	\$	Septem 2023 171	ber 30	2022 86		Nine Mon Septem 2023 504	ber 3	0, 2022 282

#### **Employer Contributions**

#### U.S. Plans

As a result of pension funding relief provisions included in the Highway and Transportation Funding Act of 2014, the Company is not required to make contributions to its funded U.S. qualified defined benefit plans. Approximately \$256,000 is expected to be paid to the unfunded non-qualified plans in 2023. Of such amount, \$209,000 had been paid to the non-qualified plans as of September 30, 2023.

#### U.K. Plan

The Company's U.K. subsidiary expects to contribute approximately \$451,000 to its defined benefit pension plan in 2023. Of such amount, \$360,000 had been contributed to the plan as of September 30, 2023.

#### **Defined Contribution Plans**

The Company sponsors retirement defined contribution plans that cover eligible U.S. and U.K. employees. The Company's U.S. retirement plans include two qualified plans, one of which is a 401(k) plan and one of which is an employee stock ownership plan (profit sharing plan), and one non-qualified supplemental executive plan. In the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, the Company made contributions into the qualified retirement plans for U.S. employees and for certain non-U.S. employees. Profit sharing contributions were determined using a formula applied to Company earnings. Approximately 85 percent of union and non-union employees are eligible for either the Company's sponsored or statutory profit sharing contributions and 100 percent of U.S. based union and non-union employees are eligible for the Company's sponsored profit sharing contributions. In 2022 and 2023, profit sharing contributions for U.S. employees were made to the employee stock ownership plan. Profit sharing contributions are allocated to participant accounts based on participant base earnings.

Defined contribution plan expenses for the Company's qualified contribution plans were as follows:

(In thousands)		Three Mor Septem	nths En iber 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2023			2022		2023		2022	
Retirement savings contributions	\$	\$ 2,101		1,897	\$	6,319	\$	6,042	
Profit sharing contributions		673		1,859		1,543		5,284	
Total defined contribution plan expenses	\$	2,774	\$	3,756	\$	7,862	\$	11,326	

The Company has a rabbi trust to fund the obligations of its non-qualified supplemental executive defined contribution plans (supplemental plans). The trust is comprised of various mutual fund investments selected by the participants of the supplemental plans. In accordance with the accounting guidance for rabbi trust arrangements, the assets of the trust and the obligations of the supplemental plans are reported on the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets. The Company elected the fair value option for the mutual fund investment assets so that offsetting changes in the mutual fund values and defined contribution plan obligations would be recorded in earnings in the same period. Therefore, the mutual funds are reported at fair value with any subsequent changes in fair value recorded in the condensed consolidated statements of income. The liabilities related to the supplemental plans increase (i.e., supplemental plan expense is recognized) when the value of the trust assets appreciate and decrease when the value of the trust assets decline (i.e., supplemental plan income is recognized). At September 30, 2023, the balance of the trust assets was \$409,000, which equaled the balance of the supplemental plan liabilities. See the long-term investments section in Note 3, *Fair Value Measurements*, of the notes to the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements (included in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q) for further information regarding the Company's mutual fund assets.

#### 10. <u>EARNINGS PER SHARE</u>

Below are the computations of basic and diluted earnings per share for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022:

				•			
(In thousands, except per share amounts)	 Three Mor Septem				nths Ended nber 30,		
	 2023	2022		2023			2022
Computation of Basic Earnings per Share							
Net income attributable to Stepan Company	\$ 12,571	\$	39,384	\$	41,397	\$	136,319
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding	22,786		22,753		22,770		22,813
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.55	\$	1.73	\$	1.82	\$	5.98
Computation of Diluted Earnings per Share							
Net income attributable to Stepan Company	\$ 12,571	\$	39,384	\$	41,397	\$	136,319
Weighted-average number of shares outstanding	22,786		22,753		22,770		22,813
Add weighted-average net shares from assumed exercise of options (under treasury stock method) <sup>(1)</sup>	54		102		75		105
Add weighted-average net shares related to unvested stock awards (under treasury stock method)	3		2		2		1
Add weighted-average net shares from assumed exercise of SARs (under treasury stock method) <sup>(1)</sup>	53		108		78		111
Add weighted-average contingently issuable net shares related to performance stock awards	24		60		21		ΓO
(under treasury stock method)	 34		69		31		59
Weighted-average shares applicable to diluted earnings	 22,930		23,034		22,956		23,089
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.55	\$	1.71	\$	1.80	\$	5.90
						_	

<sup>(1) 822,271</sup> and 623,648 options/SARs to acquire shares of the Company's common stock were excluded from the computation of dilutive earnings per share for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, respectively. The options/SARs' exercise prices were greater than the average market price for the Company's common stock and inclusion of the instruments would have had an antidilutive effect on the computations of the earnings per share. 336,727 and 346,044 options/SARs to acquire shares of the Company's common stock were excluded from the computation of dilutive earnings per share for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively.

#### 11. ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

Below is the change in the Company's accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (AOCI) balance by component (net of income taxes) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022:

(In thousands)	Foreign Currency Franslation Adjustments	Defined Benefit ension Plan djustments	-	ash Flow Hedge justments		Total
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ (161,535)	\$ (17,152)	\$	4,885	\$	(173,802)
Other comprehensive income before						
reclassifications	(30,002)	_		3,998		(26,004)
Amounts reclassified from AOCI	 	435		(2)	_	433
Net current-period other comprehensive income	(30,002)	435		3,996		(25,571)
Balance at September 30, 2022	\$ (191,537)	\$ (16,717)	\$	8,881	\$	(199,373)
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$ (121,915)	\$ (18,961)	\$	8,506	\$	(132,370)
Other comprehensive income before						
reclassifications	(19,578)	_		564		(19,014)
Amounts reclassified from AOCI		61		(2)	_	59
Net current-period other comprehensive income	 (19,578)	61		562		(18,955)
Balance at September 30, 2023	\$ (141,493)	\$ (18,900)	\$	9,068	\$	(151,325)
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ (135,268)	\$ (18,022)	\$	54	\$	(153,236)
Other comprehensive income before						
reclassifications	(56,269)	_		8,834		(47,435)
Amounts reclassified from AOCI	 	 1,305		(7)		1,298
Net current-period other comprehensive income	 (56,269)	1,305		8,827		(46,137)
Balance at September 30, 2022	\$ (191,537)	\$ (16,717)	\$	8,881	\$	(199,373)
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ (156,835)	\$ (19,079)	\$	8,402	\$	(167,512)
Other comprehensive income before						
reclassifications	15,342	_		673		16,015
Amounts reclassified from AOCI	 	 179		(7)		172
Net current-period other comprehensive income	15,342	179		666		16,187
Balance at September 30, 2023	\$ (141,493)	\$ (18,900)	\$	9,068	\$	(151,325)

Information regarding the reclassifications out of AOCI for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, is displayed below:

(In thousands)			Amo	unt Reclassifie	ed fr	om AOCI (1)		
AOCI Components	Three Months Ended September 30, 2023 2022					Nine Mont Septeml 2023	 	Affected Line Item in Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income
Amortization of defined benefit								
pension actuarial losses	\$	(79)	\$	(579)	\$	(232)	\$ (1,738)	(2)
		18		144		53	433	Tax benefit
	\$	(61)	\$	(435)	\$	(179)	\$ (1,305)	Net of tax
Gains and losses on cash flow hedges:								
Foreign exchange contracts		2		2		7	7	Cost of sales
		2		2		7	7	Total before tax
				_			_	Tax benefit
	\$	2	\$	2	\$	7	\$ 7	Net of tax
Total reclassifications for the period	\$	(59)	\$	(433)	\$	(172)	\$ (1,298)	Net of tax

- (1) Amounts in parentheses denote expense to the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.
- (2) This component of accumulated other comprehensive income is included in the computation of net periodic benefit cost. See Note 9, *Postretirement Benefit Plans*, of the notes to the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements (included in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q) for additional details.

#### 12. <u>SEGMENT REPORTING</u>

The Company has three reportable segments: Surfactants, Polymers and Specialty Products. Net sales by segment for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, were as follows:

(In thousands)		Three Mor Septem			Nine Months Ended September 30,			
2023 2022						2023	2022	
Segment Net Sales								
Surfactants	\$	373,836	\$	474,861		\$ 1,233,351	\$ 1,428,211	
Polymers		169,559		214,807		495,200	640,771	
Specialty Products		18,831		29,517		65,086	77,112	
Total	\$	562,226	\$	719,185		\$ 1,793,637	\$ 2,146,094	

Segment operating income and reconciliations of segment operating income to income before provision for income taxes for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, are summarized below:

(In thousands)	 Three Mont Septemb	 	 Nine Months Ended September 30,					
	 2023	 2022	 2023		2022			
Segment Operating Income								
Surfactants	\$ 15,373	\$ 38,976	\$ 57,570	\$	140,994			
Polymers	21,813	31,864	48,137		79,905			
Specialty Products	2,402	9,685	8,704		23,246			
Segment operating income	39,588	80,525	114,411		244,145			
Business restructuring	(5,628)	(92)	(5,827)		(225)			
Unallocated corporate expenses (1)	 (14,443)	 (25,774)	 (50,201)		(48,275)			
Total operating income	19,517	54,659	58,383		195,645			
Other Income (Expense)								
Interest, net	(2,987)	(2,221)	(9,674)		(7,254)			
Other, net	(690)	(1,980)	3,348		(8,999)			
Income before provision for income taxes	\$ 15,840	\$ 50,458	\$ 52,057	\$	179,392			

<sup>(1)</sup> Unallocated corporate expenses are primarily comprised of corporate administrative expenses (e.g., corporate finance, legal, human resources, information systems, deferred compensation and environmental remediation) that are not included in segment operating income and are not used to evaluate segment performance.

#### 13. REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

As of September 30, 2023, the Company had \$478,000 of contract liabilities and no contract assets. A contract liability would typically arise when an advance or deposit is received from a customer before the Company recognizes revenue. In practice, this is rare as it would require a customer to make a payment prior to a performance obligation being satisfied. When such situations do arise, the Company maintains a deferred revenue liability until the time a performance obligation has been satisfied. The Company recognized \$739,000 of revenue in the first nine months of 2023 from pre-existing contract liabilities at December 31, 2022. During 2020, the Company recorded \$10,709,000 of long-term deferred revenue associated with a payment received to defray the cost of capital expenditures necessary to service a customer's future product needs. At September 30, 2023, \$7,201,000 was classified as long-term and \$2,216,000 was classified as short-term. This deferred revenue is being recognized over the period of the contract and \$1,292,000 of revenue has been recognized from this contract as of September 30, 2023.

The tables below provide a geographic disaggregation of net sales for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022. The Company's business disaggregation by geographic region most effectively captures the nature and economic characteristics of the Company's revenue streams impacted by economic factors.

(In thousands)		For	the Th	ree Months En	ded Se	ptember 30, 2	023	
Geographic Market	Surfactants			Polymers		Specialty		Total
North America	\$	223,912	\$	90,521	\$	15,455	\$	329,888
Europe		60,126		66,752		3,268		130,146
Latin America		76,469		412		108		76,989
Asia		13,329		11,874		_		25,203
Total	\$	373,836	\$	169,559	\$	18,831	\$	562,226
		_						
(In thousands)		For	the Th	ree Months En	ded Se	ptember 30, 2	022	
Geographic Market	S	urfactants	]	Polymers		Specialty		Total
North America	\$	272,557	\$	128,992	\$	24,370	\$	425,919
Europe		86,344		76,022		4,814		167,180
Latin America		98,313		1,081		333		99,727
Asia		17,647		8,712				26,359
Total	\$	474,861	\$	214,807	\$	29,517	\$	719,185

(In thousands)	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023									
Geographic Market		Surfactants  \$ 732.530		Polymers	Specialty		_	Total		
North America	\$	732,530	\$	259,839	\$	53,552	\$	1,045,921		
Europe		219,988		201,705		11,314		433,007		
Latin America		235,784		1,470		220		237,474		
Asia		45,049		32,186		_		77,235		
Total	\$	1,233,351	\$	495,200	\$	65,086	\$	1,793,637		
			-							
(In thousands)		For	the Ni	ne Months En	ded Se	eptember 30, 20	022			
Geographic Market		Surfactants	I	Polymers		Specialty		Total		
North America	\$	824,095	\$	357,303	\$	64,050	\$	1,245,448		
Europe		269,952		251,229		12,067		533,248		
Latin America		281,734		3,450		995		286,179		
Asia		52,430		28,789		_		81,219		
				640,771		77,112		2,146,094		

#### 14. <u>DEBT</u>

At September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, debt was comprised of the following:

(In thousands)	Maturity Dates	September 30, 2023		De	cember 31, 2022
Senior unsecured notes					
3.95% (net of unamortized debt issuance cost of \$215 and \$186 for 2023 and 2022, respectively)	2023-2027	\$	56,928	\$	71,243
3.86% (net of unamortized debt issuance cost of \$125 and \$125 for 2023 and 2022, respectively)	2023-2025		28,446		42,732
4.86% (net of unamortized debt issuance cost of \$0 and \$30 for 2023 and 2022, respectively)	2023		9,286		9,260
2.30% (net of unamortized debt issuance cost of \$159 and \$122 for 2023 and 2022, respectively)	2024-2028		49,841		49,878
2.37% (net of unamortized debt issuance cost of \$165 and \$128 for 2023 and 2022, respectively)	2024-2028		49,835		49,872
2.73% (net of unamortized debt issuance cost of \$201 and \$55 for 2023 and 2022, respectively)	2025-2031		99,799		99,945
2.83% (net of unamortized debt issuance cost of \$152 and \$40 for 2023 and 2022, respectively)	2026-2032		74,848		74,960
Revolving credit facility and term loan borrowing	2023-2027		274,000		189,250
Debt of foreign subsidiaries					
Unsecured bank debt, foreign currency	2023		6,406		-
Total debt		\$	649,389	\$	587,140
Less current maturities			227,014		132,111
Long-term debt		\$	422,375	\$	455,029

The Company's long-term debt financing is currently comprised of certain senior unsecured notes issued to insurance companies in private placement transactions pursuant to note purchase agreements (the "Note Purchase Agreements"), totaling \$368,983,000 as of September 30, 2023. These notes are denominated in U.S. dollars and have fixed interest rates ranging from 2.30 percent to 4.86 percent. The notes had original maturities of seven to 12 years with mandatory principal payments beginning four, five and six years after issuance. The Company will be required to make principal payments on the currently outstanding notes from 2023 to 2032.

On September 29, 2023, the Company entered into amendments to the Note Purchase Agreements (the "NPA Amendments") to primarily provide additional covenant flexibility. The NPA Amendments, among other things, (i) amended the existing maximum net leverage ratios covenant; (ii) expanded the definition of "Qualified Cash", a metric used to calculate the net leverage ratio, to include 65 percent of unrestricted and unencumbered foreign-based cash or permitted investments; and (iii) included a debt rating requirement and, to the extent the relevant notes are rated below investment grade, a rating fee of 0.75 percent per annum.

The Company's credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with a syndicate of banks provides for credit facilities in an initial aggregate principal amount of \$450,000,000, consisting of (a) a \$350,000,000 multi-currency revolving credit facility and (b) a \$100,000,000 delayed draw term loan credit facility, each of which matures on June 24, 2027. The Company maintains import letters of credit, and standby letters of credit under its workers' compensation insurance agreements and for other purposes, as needed from time to time, which are issued under the revolving credit agreement. As of September 30, 2023, the Company had outstanding letters of credit totaling \$10,951,000 and \$274,000,000 of outstanding borrowings under the credit agreement, inclusive of a \$96,250,000 delayed draw term loan (\$3,750,000 of the term loan principal has been permanently repaid as scheduled). There was \$161,299,000 available under the credit agreement as of September 30, 2023.

On September 29, 2023, the Company entered into an amendment (the "Amendment") to the Credit Agreement. The Amendment amends the Credit Agreement to, among other things, (i) provide for a maximum net leverage ratio on substantially the same terms as the corresponding covenant contained in the NPA Amendments; and (ii) expand the definition of "Qualified Cash," to align with the definition of "Qualified Cash" included in the NPA Amendments.

The Company's material debt agreements contain provisions which, among other covenants, require maintenance of certain financial ratios and place limitations on additional debt, investments and payment of dividends. Based on the loan agreement provisions that place limitations on dividend payments, unrestricted retained earnings (i.e., retained earnings available for dividend distribution) were \$243,493,000 and \$224,189,000 at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

#### 15. OTHER, NET

Other, net in the condensed consolidated statements of income included the following:

(In thousands)	Three Mon Septeml		Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2023	2022		2023		2022
Foreign exchange gains (losses)	\$ (623)	\$ (1,387)	\$	(541)	\$	(2,612)
Investment income	85	114		299		508
Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	(481)	(1,101)		2,598		(8,073)
Net periodic benefit cost	329	394		992		1,178
Other, net	\$ (690)	\$ (1,980)	\$	3,348	\$	(8,999)

#### 16. GOODWILL IMPAIRMENT

The Company typically tests its goodwill balances for impairment in the second quarter of each calendar year. Testing is completed more frequently when triggering events or changes in circumstances indicate it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit to which goodwill relates has declined below its carrying value. During the second quarter of 2023 the Company completed its annual goodwill impairment testing and concluded that there was no goodwill impairment at any of its reporting units.

During the second quarter of 2022 the Company completed its annual goodwill impairment testing and concluded that the goodwill related to its Philippines reporting unit was impaired. The Philippines reporting unit is part of the Company's Surfactants segment. Goodwill impairment was recognized as a result of the reporting unit's fair value declining below its carrying value. The Company estimates the fair value of each of its reporting units based on the average of market and income-based computations. The Philippines impairment primarily resulted from lost market share at one major customer combined with higher unit overhead costs. The Company recorded a non-cash charge of \$978,000 in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The impairment charge equaled the entire balance of the Philippines' goodwill.

#### 17. NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Noncash investing activities included liabilities (accounts payable) incurred for property, plant and equipment expenditures of approximately \$15,715,000 and \$44,833,000 that were unpaid at September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Noncash financing activities included the issuance of 97,774 shares of the Company's common stock (valued at \$10,480,000) and 58,441 shares of the Company's common stock (valued at \$6,095,000) under the Company's equity incentive compensation plan during the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

#### 18. BUSINESS RESTRUCTURING

#### 2023 Restructuring

During the third quarter of 2023 the Company recorded a \$5,530,000 restructuring expense associated with the Company's previously announced voluntary early retirement program. The program was offered to eligible employees at the Company's corporate headquarters and global technology center to reduce costs.

The remainder of the business restructuring expenses incurred during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, were not material, and relate to decommissioning expenses associated with the Company's 2016 Canadian plant closure.

#### 19. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In March 2020, the FASB issued ASU No. 2020-04, *Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848) Facilitation of the Effect of Reference Rate Reform on Financial Reporting.* This update provides optional guidance for a limited period of time to ease the burden of implementing the usage of new reference rates. The amendments apply to contract modifications that replace a reference rate affected by reference rate reform and contemporaneous modifications of other contract terms related to the replacement of the reference rate. If elected, the optional expedients to contract modifications must be applied consistently for all eligible contracts or eligible transactions. The original timeframe for electing optional expedients to contract modifications was between March 12, 2020 and December 31, 2022. In December 2022, the FASB issued ASU No. 2022-06 deferring the sunset date of Topic 848 from December 31, 2022, to December 31, 2024. The guidance should be applied prospectively. Other than electing select expedients associated with an interest rate swap, the Company has not currently utilized any of the optional expedients of exceptions available under this ASU. The Company will continue to assess whether this ASU is applicable throughout the effective period.

#### Item 2 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following is management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) of certain significant factors that have affected the Company's financial condition and results of operations during the interim periods included in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements.

Certain statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, other than purely historical information, are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act). These statements include statements about Stepan Company's and its subsidiaries' (the Company) plans, objectives, strategies, financial performance and outlook, trends, the amount and timing of future cash distributions, prospects or future events and involve known and unknown risks that are difficult to predict. As a result, the Company's actual financial results, performance, achievements or prospects may differ materially from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. In some cases, forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of words such as "may," "could," "expect," "intend," "plan," "seek," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "guidance," "predict," "potential," "continue," "likely," "will," "would," "should," "illustrative" and variations of these terms and similar expressions, or the negative of these terms or similar expressions. Such forward-looking statements are necessarily based upon estimates and assumptions that, while considered reasonable by the Company and its management based on their knowledge and understanding of the business and industry, are inherently uncertain. These statements are not guarantees of future performance, and stockholders should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. There are a number of risks, uncertainties and other important factors, many of which are beyond the Company's control, that could cause the Company's actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Such risks, uncertainties and other important factors, include, among others, the risks, uncertainties and factors set forth under "Part II-Item IA - Risk Factors" of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and under "Part I-Item IA. Risk Factors" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022, including the risks and uncertainties related to the following:

- accidents, unplanned production shutdowns or disruptions in any of the Company's manufacturing facilities;
- · reduced demand for Company products due to customer product reformulations or new technologies;
- the Company's inability to successfully develop or introduce new products;
- · compliance with environmental, health and safety, product registration and anti-corruption laws;
- the Company's ability to make acquisitions of suitable candidates and successfully integrate acquisitions;
- global competition and the Company's ability to successfully compete;
- volatility of raw material, natural gas and electricity costs as well as any disruption in their supply;
- disruptions in transportation or significant changes in transportation costs;
- · downturns in certain industries and general economic downturns;
- international business risks, including fluctuations in currency exchange rates, legal restrictions and taxes;
- unfavorable resolution of litigation against the Company;
- the Company's ability to keep and protect its intellectual property rights;
- potentially adverse tax consequences due to the international scope of the Company's operations;
- · downgrades to the Company's credit ratings or disruptions to the Company's ability to access well-functioning capital markets;
- conflicts, military actions, terrorist attacks and general instability, particularly in certain energy-producing nations, along with increased security regulations;
- · cost overruns, delays and miscalculations in capacity needs with respect to the Company's expansion or other capital projects;
- interruption of, damage to or compromise of the Company's IT systems and failure to maintain the integrity of customer, colleague or Company data;
- the Company's ability to retain its executive management and other key personnel;
- the Company's ability to operate within the limitations of debt covenants; and
- · the other factors set forth under "Risk Factors."

These factors are not necessarily all of the important factors that could cause the Company's actual financial results, performance, achievements or prospects to differ materially from those expressed in or implied by any of its forward-looking statements. Other unknown or unpredictable factors could also impact the Company's results. All forward-looking statements attributable to the Company or persons acting on the Company's behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements set forth above. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made, and the Company does not undertake or assume any obligation to update publicly any of these forward-looking statements to reflect actual results, new information or future events, changes in assumptions or changes in other factors affecting forward-looking statements, except to the extent required by applicable laws. If the Company updates one or more forward-looking statements, no inference should be drawn that the Company will make additional updates with respect to those or other forward-looking statements.

The "Company," "we," "our" or "us" means Stepan Company and one or more of its subsidiaries only.

#### Overview

The Company produces and sells intermediate chemicals that are used in a wide variety of applications worldwide. The overall business is comprised of three reportable segments:

<u>Surfactants</u> – Surfactants, which accounted for 69 percent of consolidated net sales for the first nine months of 2023, are principal ingredients in consumer and industrial cleaning and disinfection products such as detergents for washing clothes, dishes, carpets, floors and walls, as well as shampoos and body washes. Other applications include fabric softeners, germicidal quaternary compounds, disinfectants, lubricating ingredients, emulsifiers for spreading agricultural products and industrial applications such as latex systems, plastics and composites. Surfactants are manufactured at five sites in the United States, two European sites (United Kingdom and France), five Latin American sites (one site in Colombia and two sites in each of Mexico and Brazil) and two Asian sites (Philippines and Singapore).

Polymers – Polymers, which accounted for 28 percent of consolidated net sales for the first nine months of 2023, include polyurethane polyols, polyester resins and phthalic anhydride. Polyurethane polyols are used in the manufacture of rigid foam for thermal insulation in the construction industry and are also a base raw material for coatings, adhesives, sealants and elastomers (collectively, CASE products). Powdered polyester resins are used in coating applications. CASE and powdered polyester resins are collectively referred to as specialty polyols. Phthalic anhydride is used in unsaturated polyester resins, alkyd resins and plasticizers for applications in construction materials and components of automotive, boating and other consumer products. In addition, the Company uses phthalic anhydride internally in the production of polyols. In the United States, polyurethane polyols are manufactured at the Company's Elwood, Illinois (Millsdale) and Wilmington, North Carolina sites. Phthalic anhydride is manufactured at the Company's Millsdale site and specialty polyols are manufactured at the Company's Poland site. In Europe, polyurethane polyols are manufactured at the Company's Poland site. In Asia, polyurethane polyols and specialty polyols are manufactured at the Company's China plant.

<u>Specialty Products</u> – Specialty products, which accounted for three percent of consolidated net sales for the first nine months of 2023, include flavors, emulsifiers and solubilizers used in food, flavoring, nutritional supplement and pharmaceutical applications. Specialty products are primarily manufactured at the Company's Maywood, New Jersey, site and, in some instances, by third-party contractors.

#### **Deferred Compensation Plans**

The accounting for the Company's deferred compensation plans can cause period-to-period fluctuations in Company income and expenses. Compensation expense is recognized when the value of the Company's common stock and mutual fund investment assets held for the plans increase, and compensation income is recognized when the value of the Company's common stock and mutual fund investment assets decline. The pretax effect of all deferred compensation-related activities (including realized and unrealized gains and losses on the mutual fund assets held to fund the deferred compensation obligations) and the income statement line items in which the effects of the activities were recorded are displayed in the following table:

		s ,			
(In millions)	2	2023		2022	Change
Deferred Compensation (Administrative expenses)	\$	3.1	\$	2.1	\$ 1.0 (1)
Realized/Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Investments (Other, net)		(0.5)		(1.0)	0.5
Investment Income (Other, net)		0.1		0.1	_
Pretax Income Effect	\$	2.7	\$	1.2	\$ 1.5
		Income (I For the Nin Ended Sep	ne Month	IS	
(In millions)		2023		2022	 Change
Deferred Compensation (Administrative expense)	\$	0.8	\$	13.0	\$ $(12.2)^{(1)}$
Realized/Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Investments (Other, net)		2.6		(7.8)	10.4
Investment Income (Other, net)		0.3		0.5	 (0.2)
Pretax Income Effect	\$	3.7	\$	5.7	\$ (2.0)

<sup>1)</sup> See the Segment Results-Corporate Expenses section of this MD&A for details regarding the period-over-period changes in deferred compensation.

#### Effects of Foreign Currency Translation

The Company's foreign subsidiaries transact business and report financial results in their respective local currencies. As a result, foreign subsidiary income statements are translated into U.S. dollars at average foreign exchange rates appropriate for the reporting period. Because foreign exchange rates fluctuate against the U.S. dollar over time, foreign currency translation affects period-to-period comparisons of financial statement items (i.e., because foreign exchange rates fluctuate, similar period-to-period local currency results for a foreign subsidiary may translate into different U.S. dollar results). The following table presents the effects that foreign currency translation had on the period-over-period changes in consolidated net sales and various income statement line items for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022:

		For the Th Ended Sep					
(In millions)		2023		2022	 Decrease		Increase Due to Foreign Translation
Net Sales	\$	562.2	\$	719.2	\$ (157.0)	\$	19.1
Gross Profit		71.2		118.5	(47.3)		1.8
Operating Income		19.5		54.7	(35.2)		0.9
Pretax Income		15.8		50.5	(34.7)		0.9
		For the Ni Ended Sep					
(In millions)	<u></u>	2023	<u></u>	2022	 Decrease (252.5)		Increase Oue to Foreign Translation
Net Sales	\$	1,793.6	\$	2,146.1	\$ (352.5)	Э	11.1
Gross Profit		211.2		359.3	(148.1)		0.7
Operating Income		58.4		195.6	(137.2)		0.1
Pretax Income		52.1		179.4	(127.3)		_

#### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### Three Months Ended September 30, 2023 and 2022

#### **Summary**

Net income in the third quarter of 2023 was \$12.6 million, or \$0.55 per diluted share, versus \$39.4 million, or \$1.71 per diluted share, in the third quarter of 2022. Adjusted net income was \$14.7 million, or \$0.64 per diluted share, versus \$46.3 million, or \$2.01 per diluted share in the third quarter of 2022 (see the "Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Adjusted Net Income and Diluted Earnings per Share" section of this MD&A for a reconciliation between reported net income and reported earnings per diluted share and non-GAAP adjusted net income and adjusted earnings per diluted share). Below is a summary discussion of the major factors leading to the changes in net sales, expenses and income in the third quarter of 2023 compared to the third quarter of 2022. A detailed discussion of segment operating performance for the third quarter of 2023 compared to the third quarter of 2022 follows the summary.

Consolidated net sales decreased \$157.0 million, or 22 percent, versus the prior year quarter. Consolidated sales volume declined nine percent, which negatively impacted the change in net sales by \$61.3 million. Sales volume in the Surfactant, Polymer and Specialty Products segments decreased seven percent, 12 percent and 28 percent, respectively. The decline in sales volume was primarily due to lower market demand and continued customer and channel inventory destocking. Lower average selling prices negatively impacted the year-over-year change in net sales by \$114.8 million. The decrease in average selling prices was mainly attributable to the pass-through of lower raw material costs, less favorable product mix and increased competitive activity primarily within the European and Latin American end-use markets. Foreign currency translation favorably impacted the year-over-year change in net sales by \$19.1 million due to a weaker U.S. dollar against most currencies in foreign locations where the Company has operations.

Operating income in the third quarter of 2023 decreased \$35.1 million, or 64 percent, versus operating income in the third quarter of 2022. Surfactant, Polymer and Specialty Products operating income decreased \$23.6 million, \$10.0 million, and \$7.3 million, respectively, versus the third quarter of 2022. Corporate expenses, including business restructuring and deferred compensation expenses, decreased \$5.8 million year-over-year. Most of this decrease was attributable to a \$10.3 million reduction in environmental remediation reserve expense, partially offset by a \$5.5 million increase in restructuring expense, in the third quarter of 2023 compared to the third quarter of 2022. Corporate expenses, excluding business restructuring, environmental remediation and deferred compensation expenses, were flat year-over-year. Foreign currency translation had a \$0.9 million favorable impact on operating income in the third quarter of 2023 versus the prior year.

Operating expenses (including deferred compensation and business restructuring) decreased \$12.1 million, or 19 percent, versus the prior year quarter. Changes in the individual income statement line items that comprise the Company's operating expenses were as follows:

- Selling expenses decreased \$3.3 million, or 22 percent, primarily due to lower incentive-based compensation expenses.
- Administrative expenses decreased \$10.9 million, or 32 percent, primarily due to lower environmental remediation reserve (\$10.3 million reduction from the third quarter of 2022) and incentive-based compensation expenses that were partially offset by higher salaries.
- Research, development and technical service (R&D) expenses decreased \$2.5 million, or 14 percent, primarily due to lower incentive-based compensation expenses.
- Deferred compensation was \$3.1 million of income in the third quarter of 2023 versus \$2.1 million of income in the prior year quarter. The \$1.0 million increase in deferred compensation income was primarily due to a \$20.59 per share decrease in the market price of the Company's common stock in the third quarter of 2023 compared to a \$7.68 per share decrease in the third quarter of 2022. See the *Overview* and *Segment Results-Corporate Expenses* section of this MD&A for further details.
- Business restructuring was \$5.6 million of expense in the third quarter of 2023 versus \$0.1 million of expense in the third quarter of 2022. The current year quarter includes a \$5.5 million restructuring reserve associated with the Company's previously announced voluntary early retirement offering to eligible employees at the Company's corporate headquarters and global technology center. In addition, both the current and prior year quarters include \$0.1 million of decommissioning costs associated with the Company's Canadian plant closure.

Net interest expense for the third quarter of 2023 increased \$0.8 million, or 34 percent, versus the third quarter of 2022. This increase was primarily attributable to higher outstanding debt balances and higher interest rates on borrowings under the Company's revolving credit facility in 2023 versus 2022.

Other, net was \$0.7 million of expense in the third quarter of 2023 versus \$2.0 million of expense in the third quarter of 2022. The Company recognized \$0.4 million of investment losses (including realized and unrealized gains and losses) for the Company's deferred compensation and supplemental defined contribution mutual fund assets in the third quarter of 2023 compared to \$1.0 million of investment losses in the third quarter of 2022. In addition, the Company reported \$0.6 million of foreign exchange losses in the third

quarter of 2023 versus \$1.4 million of foreign exchange losses in the third quarter of 2022. The Company's net periodic pension income was \$0.3 million in the third quarter of 2023 versus \$0.4 million of income in the third quarter of 2022.

The Company's effective tax rate was 20.6 percent in the third quarter of 2023 versus 21.9 percent in the third quarter of 2022. This decrease was primarily attributable to a more favorable geographical mix of income in the third quarter of 2023 that was largely offset by a non-recurring U.S. tax benefit recorded in the third quarter of 2022.

#### **Segment Results**

(Dollars in thousands)		For the Three Septem					
Net Sales		2023		2022		Decrease	Percent Change
Surfactants	\$	373,836	\$	474,861	\$	(101,025)	-21
Polymers		169,559		214,807		(45,248)	-21
Specialty Products		18,831		29,517		(10,686)	-36
Total Net Sales	\$	562,226	\$	719,185	\$	(156,959)	-22
(Dollars in thousands)	For the Three Months Ended September 30,					Increase	Percent
Operating Income		2023 2022			(Decrease)		Change
Surfactants	\$	15,373	\$	38,976	\$	(23,603)	-61
Polymers		21,813		31,864		(10,051)	-32
Specialty Products		2,402		9,685		(7,283)	<b>-</b> 75
Segment Operating Income	\$	39,588	\$	80,525	\$	(40,937)	-51
Corporate Expenses, Excluding Deferred Compensation							
and Restructuring	\$	11,342	\$	27,905	\$	(16,563)	-59
Deferred Compensation Expense (Income)		3,101		(2,131)		5,232	NM
Business Restructuring		5,628		92		5,536	NM
Total Operating Income	\$	19,517	\$	54,659	\$	(35,142)	-64

#### Surfactants

Surfactant net sales for the third quarter of 2023 decreased \$101.0 million versus net sales for the third quarter of 2022. Lower average selling prices negatively impacted the change in net sales by \$79.8 million. The lower average selling prices were mainly attributable to declining raw material costs, less favorable product mix and increased competitive activity within certain end-use markets. Sales volume declined seven percent and negatively impacted the change in net sales by \$33.9 million. Foreign currency translation had a \$12.7 million favorable impact on the year-over-year change in net sales. A comparison of net sales by region follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	For the Three Months Ended September 30,						
Net Sales		2023				Decrease	Percent Change
North America	\$	223,912	\$	272,557	\$	(48,645)	-18
Europe		60,126		86,344		(26,218)	-30
Latin America		76,469		98,313		(21,844)	-22
Asia		13,329		17,647		(4,318)	-24
Total Surfactants Segment	\$	373,836	\$	474,861	\$	(101,025)	-21

Net sales for North American operations decreased \$48.6 million, or 18 percent, year-over-year. Sales volume declined 11 percent and negatively impacted the change in net sales by \$30.4 million. The lower sales volume was primarily due to lower demand for commodity laundry products and for products sold into the agricultural end market, largely due to continued customer and channel inventory destocking and the previously disclosed backward integration by one customer, associated with the low 1.4 dioxane transition, in the third quarter of 2022. Lower average selling prices and the unfavorable impact of foreign currency translation negatively impacted the change in net sales by \$18.0 million and \$0.2 million, respectively. The lower average selling prices were primarily due to the pass-through of lower raw material costs and less favorable product mix.

Net sales for European operations decreased \$26.2 million, or 30 percent, primarily due to lower average selling prices and a 14 percent decline in sales volume. These items negatively impacted the change in net sales by \$18.3 million and \$12.3 million, respectively. The lower average selling prices were primarily due to the pass-through of lower raw material costs, less favorable product mix and increased competitive activity within certain end-use markets. The lower sales volume was primarily due to lower demand for products sold into the consumer products end markets, mostly commodity laundry, and the agricultural end market. Foreign currency translation positively impacted the change in net sales by \$4.4 million. A weaker U.S. dollar relative to the European euro and British pound sterling led to the favorable foreign currency translation effect.

Net sales for Latin American operations decreased \$21.8 million, or 22 percent, primarily due to lower average selling prices that negatively impacted the change in net sales by \$38.4 million. The lower average selling prices primarily reflect less favorable product mix, the pass-through of lower raw material costs and increased competitive pressures from imports. Sales volume increased eight percent and positively impacted the change in net sales by \$8.1 million. The sales volume improvement was primarily due to higher demand for products sold into the consumer products end markets and to distribution customers, partially offset by lower demand for products sold into the agricultural end market. A weaker U.S. dollar relative to all currencies within the region led to an \$8.5 million positive foreign currency translation effect.

Net sales for Asian operations decreased \$4.3 million, or 24 percent, versus the prior year quarter. A 14 percent decline in sales volume and lower average selling prices negatively impacted the change in net sales by \$2.5 million and \$1.9 million, respectively. Foreign currency translation positively impacted the change in net sales by \$0.1 million.

Surfactant operating income for the third quarter of 2023 decreased \$23.6 million, or 61 percent, versus operating income for the third quarter of 2022. Gross profit decreased \$28.2 million, or 42 percent, and operating expenses decreased \$4.6 million, or 16 percent. Comparisons of gross profit by region and total segment operating expenses and operating income follow:

(Dollars in thousands)	For the Three Months Ended September 30,																		
Gross Profit and Operating Income	2023			2022		23 2022		2022		2022		2022		2022		2022		Increase Decrease)	Percent Change
North America	\$	25,259	\$	42,078	\$	(16,819)	-40												
Europe		5,897		9,756		(3,859)	-40												
Latin America		5,578		14,013		(8,435)	-60												
Asia		2,818		1,916		902	47												
Surfactants Segment Gross Profit	\$	39,552	\$	67,763	\$	(28,211)	-42												
Operating Expenses		24,179		28,787		(4,608)	-16												
Surfactants Segment Operating Income	\$	15,373	\$	38,976	\$	(23,603)	-61												

Gross profit for North American operations decreased \$16.8 million, or 40 percent, versus the prior year primarily due to lower average unit margins and an 11 percent decline in sales volume. These items negatively impacted the year-over-year change in gross profit by \$12.1 million and \$4.7 million, respectively. The lower average unit margins were primarily attributable to less favorable product mix and high-cost inventory carryover.

Gross profit for European operations decreased \$3.9 million, or 40 percent, primarily due to lower average unit margins and a 14 percent decline in sales volume. These items negatively impacted the year-over-year change in gross profit by \$2.9 million and \$1.4 million, respectively. The lower average unit margins primarily reflect less favorable product mix and increased competitive activity within certain end-use markets. Foreign currency translation positively impacted the change in gross profit by \$0.4 million.

Gross profit for Latin American operations decreased \$8.4 million, or 60 percent, mostly due to lower average unit margins. The lower unit margins negatively impacted the change in gross profit by \$10.1 million and primarily reflect a less favorable product mix, mostly due to lower demand for products sold into the agricultural end market, and increased competitive pressures from imports. An eight percent increase in sales volume favorably impacted the year-over-year change in gross profit by \$1.2 million. Foreign currency translation positively impacted the change in gross profit by \$0.5 million.

Gross profit for Asia operations increased \$0.9 million, or 47 percent, primarily due to higher average unit margins. The higher average unit margins positively impacted the change in gross profit by \$1.2 million and primarily reflect a more favorable product mix. Sales volume declined 14% and negatively impacted the year-over-year change in gross profit by \$0.3 million.

Operating expenses for the Surfactants segment decreased \$4.6 million, or 16 percent, in the third quarter of 2023 versus the third quarter of 2022. This decrease was mostly attributable to lower incentive-based compensation expenses year-over-year.

#### Polymers

Polymers net sales for the third quarter of 2023 decreased \$45.2 million, or 21 percent, versus net sales for the same period of 2022. A 12 percent decline in sales volume and lower average selling prices negatively impacted the change in net sales by \$24.7 million and

\$26.7 million, respectively. Foreign currency translation had a \$6.2 million favorable impact on the year-over-year change in net sales. A comparison of net sales by region follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	For the Three Months Ended September 30,						
Net Sales	2023			2022	Increase (Decrease)		Percent Change
North America	\$	90,521	\$	128,992	\$	(38,471)	-30
Europe		66,752		76,022		(9,270)	-12
Asia and Other		12,286		9,793		2,493	25
Total Polymers Segment	\$	169,559	\$	214,807	\$	(45,248)	-21

Net sales for North American operations decreased \$38.5 million, or 30 percent, due to a 25 percent decrease in sales volume and lower average selling prices. These items negatively impacted the year-over-year change in net sales by \$32.2 million and \$6.3 million, respectively. Sales volume of polyols used in rigid foam applications decreased 23 percent year-over-year. Sales volume within the phthalic anhydride and specialty polyols businesses decreased 42 percent and 17 percent, respectively. The year-over-year decline in sales volume reflects continued customer and channel inventory destocking and lower construction-related activities. The lower selling prices primarily reflect the pass-through of lower raw material costs.

Net sales for European operations decreased \$9.3 million, or 12 percent, primarily due to lower average selling prices and a two percent decline in sales volume. These items negatively impacted the year-over-year change in net sales by \$14.9 million and \$1.3 million, respectively. The lower average selling prices were primarily due to the pass-through of lower raw material costs and increased competitive activity. Foreign currency translation had a positive \$6.9 million impact on the year-over-year change in net sales. A weaker U.S. dollar relative to the Polish zloty and British pound sterling led to the favorable foreign currency translation effect.

Net sales for Asia and Other operations increased \$2.5 million, or 25 percent, primarily due to a 43 percent increase in sales volume. The higher sales volume positively impacted the year-over-year change in net sales by \$4.2 million. The higher sales volume reflects the loosening of COVID lockdowns and restrictions in China during the early part of 2023. Lower average selling prices and the unfavorable impact of foreign currency translation negatively impacted the year-over-year change in net sales by \$1.1 million and \$0.6 million, respectively.

Polymer operating income in the third quarter of 2023 decreased \$10.1 million, or 32 percent, versus operating income in the third quarter of 2022. Gross profit decreased \$11.3 million, or 28 percent and operating expenses decreased \$1.3 million or 16 percent between years. Comparisons of gross profit by region and total segment operating expenses and operating income follow:

(Dollars in thousands)		For the Three I Septem				
Gross Profit and Operating Income	2023			2022	Increase Decrease)	Percent Change
North America	\$	15,911	\$	27,407	\$ (11,496)	-42
Europe		10,833		11,799	(966)	-8
Asia and Other		1,820		693	1,127	163
Polymers Segment Gross Profit	\$	28,564	\$	39,899	\$ (11,335)	-28
Operating Expenses		6,751		8,035	(1,284)	-16
Polymers Segment Operating Income	\$	21,813	\$	31,864	\$ (10,051)	-32

Gross profit for North American operations decreased \$11.5 million, or 42 percent. This decrease was primarily due to a 25 percent decline in sales volume and lower average unit margins. These items negatively impacted the change in gross profit by \$6.8 million and \$4.7 million, respectively. The lower average unit margins primarily reflect high-cost inventory carryover.

Gross profit for European operations decreased \$1.0 million, or eight percent, versus the third quarter of 2022. The decrease was primarily due to lower average unit margins and a two percent decline in sales volume. These items negatively impacted the change in gross profit by \$1.8 million and \$0.2 million, respectively. Foreign currency translation positively impacted the year-over-year change in gross profit by \$1.0 million.

Gross profit for Asia and Other operations increased \$1.1 million due to higher average unit margins and a 43% increase in sales volume. These items positively impacted the change in gross profit by \$0.9 million and \$0.3 million, respectively. Foreign currency translation had a \$0.1 million negative impact on the year-over-year change in gross profit.

Operating expenses for the Polymer segment decreased \$1.3 million, or 16 percent, in the third quarter of 2023 versus the third quarter of 2022. This decrease was mainly attributable to lower incentive-based compensation expenses.

#### Specialty Products

Specialty Products net sales for the third quarter of 2023 decreased \$10.7 million, or 36 percent, versus net sales for the third quarter of 2022. This decrease reflects a 28 percent decline in sales volume and lower average selling prices. Gross profit and operating income both decreased by \$7.3 million year-over-year. The year-over-year declines in gross profit and operating income were mostly attributable to the 28 percent decline in sales volume and lower unit margins within the medium chain triglycerides (MCT) product line. The lower unit margins were primarily due to high-cost inventory carryover and competitive pressures from imports.

#### Corporate Expenses

Corporate expenses, which include deferred compensation, business restructuring and other operating expenses that are not allocated to the reportable segments, decreased \$5.8 million between quarters. Corporate expenses were \$20.1 million in the third quarter of 2023 versus \$25.9 million in the third quarter of 2022. This year-over-year decrease was primarily attributable to a \$10.3 million reduction in environmental remediation expense, due to the non-recurrence of a third quarter 2022 reserve adjustment made for the Company's Maywood, New Jersey site, partially offset by a \$5.5 million increase in business restructuring expense for the current year quarter. In addition, the Company also recognized \$1.0 million of higher deferred compensation income in the current year quarter.

The \$1.0 million increase in deferred compensation income was primarily due to a \$20.59 per share decrease in the market price of the Company's common stock in the third quarter of 2023 compared to a \$7.68 per share decline in the third quarter of 2022. The following table presents the quarter-end Company common stock market prices used in the computation of deferred compensation income/expense for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022:

		2023				20	2022	
	Sept	ember 30 June 30		Sept	ember 30	June 30		
Company Common Stock Price	\$	74.97	\$	95.56	\$	93.67	\$	101.35

#### Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023 and 2022

#### Summary

Net income for the first nine months of 2023 was \$41.4 million, or \$1.80 per diluted share, versus \$136.3 million, or \$5.90 per diluted share, in the first nine months of 2022. Adjusted net income was \$43.2 million, or \$1.88 per diluted share, versus \$140.0 million, or \$6.06 per dilutive share, in the prior year (see the "Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Adjusted Net Income and Diluted Earnings per Share" section of this MD&A for a reconciliation between reported net income and reported earnings per diluted share and non-GAAP adjusted net income and adjusted earnings per diluted share). Below is a summary discussion of the major factors leading to the changes in net sales, expenses and income in the first nine months of 2023 compared to the first nine months of 2022. A detailed discussion of segment operating performance for the first nine months of 2023 compared to the first nine months of 2022 follows the summary.

Consolidated net sales decreased \$352.5 million, or 16 percent, year-over-year. Consolidated sales volume declined 14 percent and negatively impacted the year-over-year change in net sales by \$304.7 million. Sales volume in the Surfactant, Polymer and Specialty Products segments decreased 12 percent, 20 percent and 17 percent, respectively. Lower average selling prices negatively impacted the change in net sales by \$58.9 million. Foreign currency translation positively impacted the year-over-year change in net sales by \$11.1 million due to a weaker U.S. dollar against Mexican peso, Brazilian real, Polish zloty and European euro.

Operating income for the first nine months of 2023 decreased \$137.3 million, or 70 percent, versus operating income for the first nine months of 2022. Surfactant, Polymer and Specialty Products operating income decreased \$83.4 million, \$31.8 million, and \$14.5 million, respectively. Corporate expenses, including business restructuring and deferred compensation expenses, increased \$7.5 million year-over-year. Most of this increase was attributable to a \$12.2 million reduction in deferred compensation income and a \$5.6 million increase in business restructuring expenses during the first nine months of 2023. Partially offsetting this increase was a \$10.5 million decrease in environmental remediation expenses during the first nine months of 2023 versus the prior year and the non-recurrence of a \$1.0 million goodwill impairment charge recognized during the first nine months of 2022. Foreign currency translation had a negligible impact on operating income year-over-year.

Operating expenses (including deferred compensation, business restructuring and goodwill impairment) decreased \$10.9 million, or seven percent, between years. Changes in the individual income statement line items that comprise the Company's operating expenses were as follows:

- Selling expenses decreased \$9.9 million, or 22 percent, year-over-year primarily due to lower salaries, incentive-based compensation and bad debt provision expenses.
- Administrative expenses decreased \$11.4 million, or 14 percent, year-over-year primarily due to lower environmental remediation reserve (\$10.5 million reduction from the first nine months of 2022) and incentive-based compensation expenses that were partially offset by higher salaries.

- R&D expenses decreased \$6.4 million, or 13 percent, year-over-year primarily due to lower incentive-based compensation expenses.
- Deferred compensation income decreased \$12.2 million, year-over-year, primarily due to an increase in the market values of mutual fund investment assets held for the plans in the first nine months of 2023 versus a decrease in the first nine months of 2022. A \$31.49 per share decrease in the market price of the Company's common stock in the first nine months of 2023 compared to a \$30.62 per share decrease in the first nine months of 2022 also contributed to the year-over-year change. See the *Overview* and *Segment Results-Corporate Expenses* section of this MD&A for further details.
- Business restructuring expenses were \$5.8 million in the first nine months of 2023 versus \$0.2 million in the first nine months of 2022. This year-over-year increase was primarily attributable to a \$5.5 million restructuring reserve, recorded in the third quarter of 2023, associated with the Company's previously announced voluntary early retirement offering to eligible employees at the Company's corporate headquarters and global technology center. In addition, the Company recorded \$0.3 million and \$0.2 million of decommissioning costs associated with the Company's Canadian plant closure during the first nine month of 2023 and 2022, respectively.
- The Company recognized \$1.0 million of goodwill impairment expense, related solely to its Philippines reporting unit, during the first nine months of 2022. The Company did not recognize any goodwill impairment charges during the first nine months of 2023. See Note 16, *Goodwill Impairment*, of the notes to the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements (included in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q) for additional details.

Net interest expense for the first nine months of 2023 increased \$2.4 million, or 33 percent, versus the first nine months of 2022. This increase was primarily attributable to higher outstanding debt balances and higher interest rates on borrowings under the Company's revolving credit facility in 2023 versus 2022.

Other, net was \$3.3 million of income for the first nine months of 2023 compared to \$9.0 million of expense for the first nine months of 2022. The Company recognized \$2.9 million of investment gains (including realized and unrealized gains and losses) for the Company's deferred compensation and supplemental defined contribution mutual fund assets in the first nine months of 2023 compared to \$7.6 million of investment losses in the first nine months of 2022. In addition, the Company reported \$0.6 million of foreign exchange losses in the first nine months of 2023 versus \$2.6 million of foreign exchange losses in the first nine months of 2022. The Company also reported \$1.0 million of net periodic pension income in the first nine months of 2023 versus \$1.2 million of income in the first nine months of 2022.

The Company's effective tax rate was 20.5 percent for the first nine months of 2023 versus 24.0 percent for the first nine months of 2022. This decrease was primarily attributable to more favorable tax benefits derived from stock-based compensation awards exercised or distributed in the first nine months of 2023 and the impact of certain recurring tax benefits (e.g., the research and development income tax credit), the amounts of which did not change materially year-over-year, having a more favorable impact on the tax rate due to the lower pre-tax income in the first nine months of 2023 versus the first nine months of 2022.

(In thousands)	For	the Nine Month		led September		
Net Sales		2023		2022	Decrease	Percent Change
Surfactants	\$	1,233,351	\$	1,428,211	\$ (194,860)	-14
Polymers		495,200		640,771	(145,571)	-23
Specialty Products		65,086		77,112	 (12,026)	-16
Total Net Sales	\$	1,793,637	\$	2,146,094	\$ (352,457)	-16
(In thousands)	For	the Nine Month			Increase	Percent
Operating Income	<u>_</u>	2023	φ.	2022	(Decrease)	Change
Surfactants	\$	57,570	\$	140,994	\$ (83,424)	-59
Polymers		48,137		79,905	(31,768)	-40
Specialty Products		8,704		23,246	 (14,542)	-63
Segment Operating Income	\$	114,411	\$	244,145	\$ (129,734)	-53
Corporate Expenses, Excluding Deferred Compensation and Restructuring	\$	51,057	\$	61,313	\$ (10,256)	-17
Deferred Compensation (Income)		(856)		(13,038)	12,182	93
Business Restructuring		5,827		225	5,602	NM
Total Operating Income	\$	58,383	\$	195,645	\$ (137,262)	-70

#### Segment Results

#### Surfactants

Surfactants net sales for the first nine months of 2023 decreased \$194.9 million, or 14 percent, versus net sales for the first nine months of 2022. Sales volume declined 12 percent and negatively impacted the change in net sales by \$169.5 million. Lower average selling prices negatively impacted the change in net sales by \$35.2 million. Foreign currency translation had a \$9.8 million favorable impact on the year-over-year change in net sales. A year-over-year comparison of net sales by region follows:

(In thousands)	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,					
Net Sales		2023		2022	Decrease	Percent Change
North America	\$	732,530	\$	824,095	\$ (91,565)	-11
Europe		219,988		269,952	(49,964)	-19
Latin America		235,784		281,734	(45,950)	-16
Asia		45,049		52,430	(7,381)	-14
Total Surfactants Segment	\$	1,233,351	\$	1,428,211	\$ (194,860)	-14

Net sales for North American operations decreased \$91.6 million, or 11 percent, year-over-year. A 16 percent decrease in sales volume negatively impacted the change in net sales by \$132.4 million. The decrease in sales volume primarily reflects lower overall demand, customer and channel inventory destocking, and the backward integration by one customer, associated with the low 1,4 dioxane transition, in the third quarter of 2022. Foreign currency translation negatively impacted the change in net sales by \$1.7 million. Higher average selling prices favorably impacted the change in net sales by \$42.5 million.

Net sales for European operations decreased \$50.0 million, or 19 percent, year-over-year. A 14 percent decrease in sales volume and lower average selling prices negatively impacted the change in net sales by \$36.5 million and \$13.2 million, respectively. The lower sales volume was primarily due to lower demand for products sold into the consumer products end markets, mostly commodity laundry, and the functional product end markets, including agriculture, and lower sales to our distribution partners. The lower average selling prices primarily reflect less favorable product mix and increased competitive activity within certain end-use markets. Foreign currency translation had a \$0.3 million negative impact on the year-over-year change in net sales.

Net sales for Latin American operations decreased \$46.0 million, or 16 percent, primarily due to lower average selling prices which negatively impacted the change in net sales by \$59.2 million. The lower average selling prices primarily reflect less favorable product mix and increased competitive pressures from imports. Sales volume was essentially flat year-over-year and had a \$0.2 million negative impact on the change in net sales. Foreign currency translation had a \$13.4 million favorable impact on the change in net sales. A weaker U.S. dollar relative to the Mexican peso and Brazilian real led to the favorable foreign currency translation effect.

Net sales for Asian operations decreased \$7.4 million, or 14 percent, year-over-year. A 14 percent decline in sales volume and the unfavorable impact of foreign currency translation negatively impacted the change in net sales by \$7.1 million and \$1.8 million, respectively. Higher average selling prices positively impacted the change in net sales by \$1.5 million.

Surfactant operating income for the first nine months of 2023 decreased \$83.4 million, or 59 percent, versus operating income for the first nine months of 2022. Gross profit decreased \$97.0 million, or 43 percent, and operating expenses decreased \$13.5 million, or 16 percent. Year-over-year comparisons of gross profit by region and total segment operating expenses and operating income follow:

(In thousands)	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,						
Gross Profit and Operating Income		2023		2022	]	Decrease	Percent Change
North America	\$	84,713	\$	142,434	\$	(57,721)	-41
Europe		21,182		34,535		(13,353)	-39
Latin America		19,972		42,719		(22,747)	-53
Asia		5,116		8,249		(3,133)	-38
Surfactants Segment Gross Profit	\$	130,983	\$	227,937	\$	(96,954)	-43
Operating Expenses		73,413		86,943		(13,530)	-16
Surfactants Segment Operating Income	\$	57,570	\$	140,994	\$	(83,424)	-59

Gross profit for North American operations decreased \$57.7 million, or 41 percent, versus the prior year primarily due to lower average unit margins and a 16 percent decline in sales volume. These items negatively impacted the year-over-year change in gross profit by \$34.7 million and \$22.9 million, respectively. The lower average unit margins were mostly attributable to less favorable

product mix and high-cost inventory carryover. Foreign currency translation negatively impacted the year-over-year change in gross profit by \$0.1 million.

Gross profit for European operations decreased \$13.4 million, or 39 percent, primarily due to lower average unit margins and a 14 percent decline in sales volume. These items negatively impacted the year-over-year change in gross profit by \$8.6 million and \$4.7 million, respectively. The lower average unit margins primarily reflect less favorable product mix and increased competitive activity within certain end-use markets. Foreign currency translation had a negligible impact on the change in gross profit year-over-year.

Gross profit for Latin American operations decreased \$22.7 million, or 53 percent, primarily due to lower unit margins, which negatively impacted the change in gross profit by \$23.4 million. The lower unit margins primarily reflect a less favorable product mix, mostly due to lower demand for products sold into the agricultural end market, and increased competitive pressures from imports. The favorable impact of foreign currency translation positively impacted the year-over-year change in gross profit by \$0.7 million.

Gross profit for Asian operations decreased \$3.1 million, or 38 percent, due to lower average unit margins and a 14 percent decline in sales volume. These items negatively impacted the year-over-year change in gross profit by \$2.0 million and \$1.1 million, respectively.

Operating expenses for the Surfactants segment decreased \$13.5 million, or 16 percent, year-over-year. This decrease was mainly attributable to lower incentive-based compensation expenses and the non-recurrence of a \$1.0 million goodwill impairment charge at the Company's Philippines subsidiary in the second quarter of 2022.

#### Polymers

Polymers net sales for the first nine months of 2023 decreased \$145.6 million, or 23 percent, versus net sales for the same period of 2022. A 20 percent decrease in sales volume and lower average selling prices negatively impacted the change in net sales by \$129.4 million and \$17.4 million, respectively. Foreign currency translation positively impacted the change in net sales by \$1.2 million. A year-over-year comparison of net sales by region follows:

(In thousands)	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,						
Net Sales	2023		2022		Increase (Decrease)		Percent Change
North America	\$	259,839	\$	357,303	\$	(97,464)	-27
Europe		201,705		251,229		(49,524)	-20
Asia and Other		33,656		32,239		1,417	4
Total Polymers Segment	\$	495,200	\$	640,771	\$	(145,571)	-23

Net sales for North American operations decreased \$97.5 million, or 27 percent, primarily due to a 29 percent decline in sales volume which negatively impacted the change in net sales by \$103.6 million. Sales volume of polyols used in rigid foam applications decreased 30 percent year-over-year. Sales volume within the phthalic anhydride and specialty polyols businesses decreased 35 percent and 20 percent, respectively. The year-over-year decline in sales volume primarily reflects customer and channel inventory destocking and reduced construction-related activities. Higher average selling prices positively impacted the year-over-year change in net sales by \$6.1 million.

Net sales for European operations decreased \$49.5 million, or 20 percent, year-over-year. A 16 percent decline in sales volume and lower average selling prices negatively impacted the year-over-year change in net sales by \$39.3 million and \$13.5 million, respectively. The decline in sales volume reflects customer and channel inventory destocking, reduced construction-related activities and customer share loss. The lower average selling prices were primarily due to the pass-through of lower raw material costs and increased competitive activity. Foreign currency translation had a positive \$3.3 million impact on the year-over-year change in net sales. A weaker U.S. dollar relative to the Polish zloty led to the favorable foreign currency translation.

Net sales for Asia and Other operations increased \$1.4 million, or four percent, primarily due to a 22 percent increase in sales volume which positively impacted the year-over-year change in net sales by \$7.0 million. The higher sales volume reflects the loosening of COVID lockdowns and restrictions in China during the early part of 2023. Lower average selling prices and the unfavorable impact of foreign currency translation negatively impacted the year-over-year change in net sales by \$3.5 million and \$2.1 million, respectively.

Polymer operating income for the first nine months of 2023 decreased \$31.8 million, or 40 percent, versus operating income for the first nine months of 2022. Gross profit decreased \$35.8 million, or 34 percent, and operating expenses decreased \$4.1 million, or 16 percent. Year-over-year comparisons of gross profit by region and total segment operating expenses and operating income follow:

(In thousands)	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,						
Gross Profit and Operating Income		2023		2022		Increase Decrease)	Percent Change
North America	\$	34,472	\$	61,474	\$	(27,002)	-44
Europe		31,044		40,119		(9,075)	-23
Asia and Other		3,238		2,982		256	9
Polymers Segment Gross Profit	\$	68,754	\$	104,575	\$	(35,821)	-34
Operating Expenses		20,617		24,670		(4,053)	-16
Polymers Segment Operating Income	\$	48,137	\$	79,905	\$	(31,768)	-40

Gross profit for North American operations decreased \$27.0 million, or 44 percent, due to a 29 percent decrease in sales volume and lower average unit margins. These items negatively impacted the change in gross profit by \$17.8 million and \$9.2 million, respectively. The lower average unit margins primarily reflect high-cost inventory carryover.

Gross profit for European operations decreased \$9.1 million, or 23 percent, versus the first nine months of 2022. This decrease was primarily due to a 16 percent decrease in sales volume and lower average unit margins. These items negatively impacted the change in gross profit by \$6.3 million and \$3.3 million, respectively. Foreign currency translation positively impacted the year-over-year change in gross profit by \$0.5 million.

Gross profit for Asia and Other operations increased \$0.3 million, or nine percent, due to a 22 percent increase in sales volume which positively impacted the year-over-year change in gross profit by \$0.7 million. The unfavorable impact of foreign currency translation and lower average unit margins negatively impacted the change in gross profit by \$0.2 million each.

Operating expenses for the Polymers segment decreased \$4.1 million, or 16 percent, year-over-year mainly due to lower incentive-based compensation expenses.

#### Specialty Products

Specialty Products net sales for the first nine months of 2023 decreased \$12.0 million, or 16 percent, versus net sales for the first nine months of 2022. Gross profit and operating income decreased \$15.2 million and \$14.5 million, respectively, year-over-year. The year-over-year declines in net sales, gross profit and operating income were mostly attributable to a 17 percent decline in sales volume and lower unit margins within the medium chain triglycerides (MCT) product line. The lower unit margins were primarily due to high-cost inventory carryover and competitive pressures from imports.

#### Corporate Expenses

Corporate expenses, which include deferred compensation, business restructuring, and other operating expenses that are not allocated to the reportable segments, increased \$7.5 million between years. Corporate expenses were \$56.0 million in the first nine months of 2023 versus \$48.5 million in the first nine months of 2022. Most of this increase reflects \$12.2 million of lower deferred compensation income and \$5.6 million of higher business restructuring expenses incurred during the first nine months of 2023. Partially offsetting the above was a \$10.5 million year-over-year reduction in environmental remediation reserve expenses.

The \$12.2 million decrease in deferred compensation income was primarily due to an increase in the market value of mutual fund investment assets held for the plans in the first nine months of 2023 versus a decrease in the first nine months of 2022. A \$31.49 per share decrease in the market price of the Company's common stock in the first nine months of 2023 compared to a \$30.62 per share decrease in the first nine months of 2022 also contributed to the year-over-year change. The following table presents the period-end Company common stock market prices used in the computation of deferred compensation income for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022:

		2023		2022				2021
	Sept	ember 30	Dec	cember 31	Sep	tember 30	De	cember 31
Company Common Stock Price	\$	74.97	\$	106.46	\$	93.67	\$	124.29

#### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

#### Overview

For the nine months ended September 30, 2023, operating activities were a cash source of \$105.9 million versus a cash source of \$74.9 million for the comparable period in 2022. For the first nine months of both 2023 and 2022, investing cash outflows totaled \$211.9 million. Financing activities were a cash source of \$36.6 million versus a cash source of \$154.6 million in the prior year period.

Cash and cash equivalents decreased \$68.2 million compared to December 31, 2022, inclusive of a \$1.2 million favorable foreign exchange rate impact. Cash in U.S. demand deposit accounts totaled \$7.9 million and cash in U.S. money market funds totaled \$11.4 million. The Company's non-U.S. subsidiaries held \$86.2 million of cash as of September 30, 2023.

#### **Operating Activities**

Net income during the first nine months of 2023 decreased \$94.9 million versus the comparable period in 2022. Working capital was a cash use of \$13.8 million during the first nine months of 2023 versus a cash use of \$145.0 million in the comparable period in 2022.

Accounts receivable were a cash source of \$25.8 million during the first nine months of 2023 compared to a cash use of \$82.5 million for the comparable period in 2022. Inventories were a cash source of \$122.7 million in 2023 versus a cash use of \$100.1 million in 2022. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities were a cash use of \$152.1 million in 2023 compared to a cash source of \$42.6 million for the same period in 2022.

Working capital requirements were lower in the first nine months of 2023 compared to 2022 primarily due to the changes noted above. The change in accounts receivable working capital primarily reflects lower sales volume due to a reduction in demand across most end use markets along with extensive customer and channel inventory destocking. The change in inventories reflects lower quantities and unit costs in 2023. The change in accounts payable primarily reflects lower raw material quantities purchased during the first nine months of 2023 combined with lower raw material unit costs. It is management's opinion that the Company's liquidity is sufficient to provide for potential increases in working capital requirements during 2023.

#### Investing Activities

Cash used for investing activities increased less than \$0.1 million year-over-year. Cash used for capital expenditures was \$213.6 million in the first nine months of 2023 versus \$205.3 million in the same period of 2022. The higher capital spending in 2023 is largely attributable to the alkoxylation plant the Company is building at its Pasadena, Texas site.

For 2023, the Company estimates that total capital expenditures will be in the range of \$255.0 million to \$260.0 million. This full year projected spending includes the new alkoxylation plant that is being built in Pasadena, Texas, equipment upgrades to meet new regulatory limits on 1,4 Dioxane in the United States, growth initiatives, infrastructure and optimization spending in the United States and Mexico. The equipment upgrades to meet the new regulatory limits on 1,4 Dioxane were substantially complete as of September 30, 2023 and the new alkoxylation plant is expected to start up in mid-year 2024.

#### Financing Activities

Cash flow from financing activities was a source of \$36.6 million in 2023 versus a source of \$154.6 million in 2022. The year-over-year change was primarily due to a lower level of borrowings.

The Company purchases shares of its common stock in the open market or from its benefit plans from time to time to fund its own benefit plans and to mitigate the dilutive effect of new shares issued under its compensation plans. The Company may, from time to time, seek to purchase additional amounts of its outstanding equity and/or retire debt securities through cash purchases and/or exchanges for other securities, in open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or otherwise, including pursuant to plans meeting the requirements of Rule 10b5-1 promulgated by the SEC. Such repurchases or exchanges, if any, will depend on prevailing market conditions, the Company's liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions and other factors. The amounts involved may be material. For the nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company did not purchase any shares of its common stock on the open market. At September 30, 2023, the Company had \$125.1 million remaining under the share repurchase program authorized by its Board of Directors.

#### Debt and Credit Facilities

Consolidated balance sheet debt increased from \$587.1 million on December 31, 2022 to \$649.4 million on September 30, 2023, primarily due to higher domestic borrowings from the Company's revolving credit facility. Net debt (which is defined as total debt minus cash – see the "Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Net Debt" section of this MD&A) increased \$130.6 million, from \$413.3 million at December 31, 2022 to \$543.9 million at September 30, 2023. This change reflects a debt increase of \$62.3 million and a cash decrease of \$68.3 million.

As of September 30, 2023, the ratio of net debt to net debt plus shareholders' equity was 31.1 percent versus 26.2 percent at December 31, 2022 (see the "Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Net Debt" section in this MD&A for further details). On September 30, 2023, the Company's debt included \$369.0 million of unsecured notes, with maturities ranging from 2023 through 2032, that were issued to insurance companies in private placement transactions pursuant to note purchase agreements (the "Note Purchase Agreements"), a \$96.3 million delayed draw term loan borrowed pursuant to the Company's credit agreement, \$177.7 million of short term loans borrowed under its revolving credit facility and \$6.4 million of foreign credit line borrowings. The proceeds from the note issuances have been the Company's primary source of long-term debt financing and are supplemented by borrowings under bank credit facilities to meet short and medium-term liquidity needs.

On September 29, 2023, the Company entered into amendments to the Note Purchase Agreements (the "NPA Amendments") to primarily provide additional covenant flexibility. The NPA Amendments, among other things, (i) amended the existing maximum net leverage ratios covenant; (ii) expanded the definition of "Qualified Cash", a metric used to calculate the net leverage ratio, to include 65 percent of unrestricted and unencumbered foreign-based cash or permitted investments; and (iii) included a debt rating requirement and, to the extent the relevant notes are rated below investment grade, a rating fee of 0.75 percent per annum.

The Company's credit agreement with a syndicate of banks provides for credit facilities in an initial aggregate principal amount of \$450.0 million, consisting of (a) a \$350.0 million multi-currency revolving credit facility and (b) a \$100.0 million delayed draw term loan credit facility, each of which matures on June 24, 2027. The Company maintains import letters of credit, and standby letters of credit under its workers' compensation insurance agreements and for other purposes, as needed from time to time, which are issued under the revolving credit agreement. As of September 30, 2023, the Company had outstanding loans totaling \$274.0 million, inclusive of a \$96.3 million delayed draw term loan, and letters of credit totaling \$11.0 million under the credit agreement, with \$161.3 million remaining available.

On September 29, 2023, the Company entered into an amendment (the "Amendment") to the Credit Agreement. The Amendment amends the Credit Agreement to, among other things, (i) provide for a maximum net leverage ratio on substantially the same terms as the corresponding covenant contained in the NPA Amendments; and (ii) expand the definition of "Qualified Cash," to align with the definition of "Qualified Cash" included in the NPA Amendments.

The Company anticipates that cash from operations, committed credit facilities and cash on hand will be sufficient to fund anticipated capital expenditures, working capital, dividends and other planned financial commitments for the foreseeable future.

Certain foreign subsidiaries of the Company maintain short-term bank lines of credit in their respective local currencies to meet working capital requirements as well as to fund capital expenditures and acquisitions. At September 30, 2023, the Company's foreign subsidiaries had \$6.4 million of outstanding debt.

The Company is subject to covenants under its material debt agreements that require the maintenance of minimum interest coverage and minimum net worth. These debt covenants also limit the incurrence of additional debt as well as the payment of dividends and repurchase of shares. Under the most restrictive of these debt covenants:

- 1. The Company is required to maintain a minimum interest coverage ratio, as defined within the agreements, of 3.50 to 1.00, for the preceding four calendar quarters.
- 2. The Company is required to maintain an existing maximum net leverage ratio, as defined within the agreements, not to exceed 4.00 to 1.00.
- 3. The Company is required to maintain net worth of at least \$750.0 million.
- 4. The Company is permitted to pay dividends and purchase treasury shares after June 24, 2022, in amounts of up to \$100.0 million plus 100 percent of net income and cash proceeds of stock option exercises, measured cumulatively beginning January 1, 2022. The maximum amount of dividends that could have been paid within this limitation is disclosed as unrestricted retained earnings in Note 14, *Debt*, of the notes to the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements (included in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q).

The Company believes it was in compliance with all of its debt covenants as of September 30, 2023.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL AND LEGAL MATTERS

The Company's operations are subject to extensive federal, state and local environmental laws and regulations and similar laws in the other countries in which the Company does business. Although the Company's environmental policies and practices are designed to ensure compliance with these laws and regulations, future developments and increasingly stringent environmental regulation may require the Company to make additional unforeseen environmental expenditures. The Company will continue to invest in the equipment and facilities necessary to comply with existing and future regulations. During the first nine months of 2023 and 2022, the Company's expenditures for capital projects related to environmental matters were \$7.1 million and \$8.5 million, respectively. These projects are

capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives, which are typically 10 years. Recurring costs associated with the operation and maintenance of facilities for waste treatment and disposal and managing environmental compliance in ongoing operations at the Company's manufacturing locations were \$27.1 million and \$26.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Over the years, the Company has received requests for information related to or has been named by the government as a potentially responsible party at a number of waste disposal sites where cleanup costs have been or may be incurred under CERCLA and similar state or foreign statutes. In addition, the Company is from time to time involved in routine legal proceedings incidental to the conduct of its business, including personal injury, property damage, tax, trade and labor matters. The Company believes that it has made adequate provisions for the costs it is likely to incur with respect to these claims. It is the Company's accounting policy to record liabilities when environmental assessments, remediation expenses or legal proceeding losses are probable, and the cost or range of possible costs can be reasonably estimated. When no amount within the range is a better estimate than any other amount, the minimum is accrued. Estimating the possible costs of environmental remediation requires making assumptions related to the nature and extent of contamination and the methods and resulting costs of remediation. Some of the factors on which the Company bases its estimates include information provided by decisions rendered by State and Federal environmental regulatory agencies, information provided by feasibility studies, and remedial action plans developed. After partial remediation payments at certain sites, the Company has estimated a range of possible environmental and legal losses of \$21.8 million to \$45.8 million at September 30, 2023 and \$32.6 million to \$56.4 million at December 31, 2022. Within the range of possible environmental and legal losses, management has currently concluded that no single amount is more likely to occur than any other amounts in the range and, thus, has accrued at the lower end of the range; these accruals totaled \$21.8 million at September 30, 2023 and \$32.6 million at December 31, 2022. The year-overyear decrease primarily reflects payments for remediation work conducted at the Maywood, New Jersey site. Because the liabilities accrued are estimates, actual amounts could differ materially from the amounts reported. Cash expenditures related to environmental remediation and certain legal matters were \$11.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, compared to \$1.5 million for the same period in 2022.

For certain sites, the Company has responded to information requests made by federal, state or local government agencies but has received no response confirming or denying the Company's stated positions. As such, estimates of the total costs, or range of possible costs, of remediation, if any, or the Company's share of such costs, if any, cannot be determined with respect to these sites. Consequently, the Company is unable to predict the effect thereof on the Company's financial position, cash flows and results of operations. Based on the Company's present knowledge with respect to its involvement at these sites, the possibility of other viable entities' responsibilities for cleanup, and the extended period over which any costs would be incurred, management believes that the Company has no material liability at these sites and that these matters, individually and in the aggregate, will not have a material effect on the Company's financial position. Certain of these matters are discussed in Item 1, Part 2, of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K, Legal Proceedings, in this report and in other filings of the Company with the SEC, which are available upon request from the Company. See also Note 8, *Contingencies*, in the notes to the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements (included in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q) for a summary of the significant environmental proceedings related to certain environmental sites.

#### **OUTLOOK**

Management believes the fourth quarter of 2023 will experience challenges similar to those experienced during the first nine months, including continued inventory destocking within the agricultural end market, and the normal low seasonal demand for Rigid Polyols. Management expects to reduce inventory levels further during the fourth quarter and believes the Company is nearing the end of its high capital spending phase. Given the continued challenging market conditions, management is expanding its cost reduction activities and expects to deliver \$50 million in pre-tax savings in 2024 to help offset future inflation and increased expenses associated with the planned commissioning of the new Pasadena alkoxylation assets. These cost reduction activities are centered on workforce productivity and improved operational performance across the manufacturing network. For 2024, management believes sales volumes and margins will improve due to continued recovery in Rigid Polyols demand, growth in Surfactant volume driven by new contracted business and lower raw material costs. Management believes the combination of anticipated market recovery, execution of strategic initiatives, and the aforementioned cost reductions, should position the Company to deliver earnings growth and positive free cash flow in 2024. While management acknowledges the current environment has been challenging, it remains confident in the Company's long-term growth and innovation initiatives.

#### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

There have been no material changes to the critical accounting policies disclosed in the Company's 2022 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### **NON-GAAP RECONCILIATIONS**

The Company believes that certain non-GAAP measures, when presented in conjunction with comparable GAAP measures, are useful for evaluating the Company's performance and financial condition. Internally, the Company uses this non-GAAP information as an indicator of business performance and evaluates management's effectiveness with specific reference to these indicators. These measures should be considered in addition to, not as substitutes for or superior to, measures of financial performance prepared in accordance with GAAP. The Company's definitions of these measures may differ from similarly titled measures used by other entities.

#### Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Adjusted Net Income and Earnings Per Share

Management uses the non-GAAP adjusted net income metric to evaluate the Company's operating performance. Management excludes the items listed in the table below because they are non-operational items. The cumulative tax effect was calculated using the statutory tax rates for the jurisdictions in which the noted transactions occurred.

	Three Months Ended						
(In millions, except per share amounts)	September 30, 2023				30, 2022		
	Net Income Diluted EPS				Net Income	Diluted EPS	
Net Income Attributable to the Company as Reported	\$	12.6	\$ 0.55	\$	39.4	\$ 1.71	
Deferred Compensation (Income) Expense (including							
related investment activity)		(2.7)	(0.12)	)	(1.2)	(0.05)	
Business Restructuring Expense		5.6	0.24		0.1	_	
Cash Settled Stock Appreciation Rights (Income) Expense		(0.1)	_		(0.2)	(0.01)	
Environmental Remediation Expense		_	_		10.4	0.45	
Cumulative Tax Effect on Above Adjustment Items		(0.7)	(0.03)	)	(2.2)	(0.09)	
Adjusted Net Income	\$	14.7	\$ 0.64	\$	46.3	\$ 2.01	
			Nine Moi	nths E			
(In millions, except per share amounts)		September		nths E	Ended September	30, 2022	
		Income	30, 2023 Diluted EPS	_	September Net Income	Diluted EPS	
(In millions, except per share amounts)  Net Income Attributable to the Company as Reported	Net	•	30, 2023	ths E	September		
Net Income Attributable to the Company as Reported		Income	30, 2023 Diluted EPS	_	September Net Income	Diluted EPS	
Net Income Attributable to the Company as Reported  Deferred Compensation (Income) Expense (including		Income	30, 2023 Diluted EPS	_	September Net Income	Diluted EPS	
Net Income Attributable to the Company as Reported		Income	30, 2023 Diluted EPS	\$	September Net Income	Diluted EPS	
Net Income Attributable to the Company as Reported  Deferred Compensation (Income) Expense (including		Income 41.4	30, 2023  Diluted EPS  \$ 1.80	\$	September Net Income 136.3	Diluted EPS \$ 5.90	
Net Income Attributable to the Company as Reported  Deferred Compensation (Income) Expense (including related investment activity)		Income 41.4 (3.7)	30, 2023  Diluted EPS  \$ 1.80	<u>\$</u>	September  Net Income  136.3  (5.7)	Diluted EPS <b>5.90</b> (0.25)	
Net Income Attributable to the Company as Reported  Deferred Compensation (Income) Expense (including related investment activity)  Business Restructuring Expense		1.4 41.4 (3.7) 5.8	30, 2023  Diluted EPS  \$ 1.80  (0.16) 0.25	<u>\$</u>	September     Net Income   136.3     (5.7)     0.2	Diluted EPS <b>\$ 5.90</b> (0.25) 0.01	
Net Income Attributable to the Company as Reported  Deferred Compensation (Income) Expense (including related investment activity)  Business Restructuring Expense Cash Settled Stock Appreciation Rights (Income) Expense		(3.7) 5.8 (0.2)	30, 2023  Diluted EPS  1.80  (0.16) 0.25 (0.01)	<u> </u>	September  Net Income  136.3  (5.7)  0.2  (0.6)	Diluted EPS <b>5.90</b> (0.25) 0.01 (0.03)	

#### Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Net Debt

Management uses the non-GAAP net debt metric to gain a more complete picture of the Company's overall liquidity, financial flexibility and leverage level.

(In millions)	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Current Maturities of Long-Term Debt as Reported	\$ 227.0	\$ 132.1
Long-Term Debt as Reported	422.4	455.0
Total Debt as Reported	 649.4	587.1
Less Cash and Cash Equivalents as Reported	(105.5)	(173.8)
Net Debt	\$ 543.9	\$ 413.3
Equity	\$ 1,202.8	\$ 1,166.1
Net Debt plus Equity	\$ 1,746.7	\$ 1,579.4
Net Debt/Net Debt plus Equity	31 %	26%

#### Item 3 - Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

There have been no material changes to the market risks described in the Company's 2022 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### Item 4 - Controls and Procedures

a. Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We have conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act, as of September 30, 2023. Based on this evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures, our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of September 30, 2023, such that the information required to be disclosed in our Securities and Exchange Commission reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified by the rules and forms of the Exchange Act and is accumulated and communicated to management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

b. Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that occurred during the quarter ended September 30, 2023 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### Part II OTHER INFORMATION

#### Item 1 – Legal Proceedings

SEC regulations require the Company to disclose certain information about administrative or judicial proceedings involving certain environmental matters to which a governmental authority is a party if the Company reasonably believes that such proceedings may result in monetary sanctions above a specified threshold. Pursuant to SEC regulations, the Company has adopted a threshold of \$1.0 million for purposes of determining whether disclosure of any such proceedings is required. The Company believes that this threshold is reasonably designed to result in disclosure of any such proceedings that are material to its business or financial condition. Applying this threshold, there are no new environmental proceedings for the period covered by this report to disclose.

Developments in the Company's legal proceedings are described below:

Property formerly owned and operated by the Company in Wilmington, Massachusetts was listed on the National Priorities List in 2006. The Company, together with the current site owner and another potentially responsible party, entered into an Administrative Order on Consent in July 2007 to undertake a Remedial Investigation and Feasibility Study. A Record of Decision was issued by the USEPA on March 30, 2021. The Company and three other potentially responsible parties have entered into a consent decree, dated September 28, 2023, with USEPA and the Commonwealth of Massachusetts that requires the remedial design and remedial action of the remedy selected in the Record of Decision for two operable units and an interim remedy for another operable unit. Remediation at this site is being managed by its current owner, to whom the Company sold the property in 1980. The Company is contractually obligated to contribute up to five percent of the environmental response costs incurred by the current owner with no limitation on the ultimate amount of contributions. The Company had paid the current owner \$3.6 million for the Company's portion of environmental response costs at the Wilmington site through September 30, 2023.

There have been no other material changes to the legal proceedings disclosed in the Company's 2022 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### Item 1A – Risk Factors

There have been no material changes to the risk factors disclosed in the Company's 2022 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### Item 2 – Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Below is a summary by month of share purchase by the Company during the third quarter of 2023:

Month	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share				proximate Dollar ue of Shares That Yet be Purchased der the Plans or Programs <sup>(1)</sup>
July 2023	_	\$		_	\$	125,050,905
August 2023	80 (2)	\$	95.55	_	\$	125,050,905
September 2023	<del>-</del>	\$	_	_	\$	125,050,905
Total	80	\$	95.55	_	\$	125,050,905

- (1) On October 20, 2021, the Company announced that its Board of Directors had authorized the Company to repurchase up to \$150,000,000 of its outstanding common stock. Under this program, which does not have an expiration date, repurchases may be made from time to time through open market transactions, privately negotiated transactions or a combination of the foregoing, subject to applicable laws.
- (2) Represents shares of the Company's common stock surrendered by employees to settle statutory withholding taxes related to the distribution of restricted stock units.

#### Item 3 - Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None

#### Item 4 – Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable

#### Item 5 - Other Information

During the three months ended September 30, 2023, no director or officer of the Company adopted or terminated a "Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement" or "non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement," as each term is defined in Item 408(a) of Regulation S-K.

#### Item 6 – Exhibits

Exhibit No.		<u>Description</u>
10.1	-	Fourth Amendment, dated as of September 29, 2023, to the Note Purchase Agreement dated as of September 29, 2005 among Stepan Company and the noteholders party thereto (filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 29, 2023 (File No. 001-4462), and incorporated herein by reference)
10.2	_	Second Amendment, dated as of September 29, 2023, to the Note Purchase Agreement dated as of June 27, 2013 among Stepan Company and the noteholders party thereto (filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 29, 2023 (File No. 001-4462), and incorporated herein by reference)
10.3	_	Second Amendment, dated as of September 29, 2023, to the Note Purchase Agreement dated as of July 10, 2015 among Stepan Company and the noteholders party thereto (filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 29, 2023 (File No. 001-4462), and incorporated herein by reference)
10.4	_	First Amendment, dated as of September 29, 2023, to the Note Purchase and Private Shelf Agreement dated as of June 10, 2021 by and among Stepan Company, PGIM, Inc. and the purchasers thereto (filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 29, 2023 (File No. 001-4462), and incorporated herein by reference)
10.5	-	First Amendment, dated as of September 29, 2023, Note Purchase and Master Note Agreement dated as of June 10, 2021, by and among Stepan Company, NYL Investors LLC and the purchasers thereto (filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 29, 2023 (File No. 001-4462), and incorporated herein by reference)
10.6	-	Amendment No. 1 to Credit Agreement, dated as of September 29, 2023, among Stepan Company, the foreign subsidiary borrowers from time to time party thereto, the lenders from time to time party thereto, and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent (filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 29, 2023 (File No. 001-4462), and incorporated herein by reference)
31.1	_	Certification of President and Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a)
31.2	_	Certification of Vice President and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a- 14(a)/15d-14(a)
32	_	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350
101.INS	-	Inline XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the inline XBRL document
101.SCH	_	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	_	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	_	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Document
101.LAB	_	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	_	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
104	-	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

#### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

STEPAN COMPANY

Date: November 2, 2023

/s/ Luis E. Rojo

Luis E. Rojo

Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

### CERTIFICATION OF PRESIDENT AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO EXCHANGE ACT RULE 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a)

#### I, Scott R. Behrens, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Stepan Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's independent registered public accounting firm and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 2, 2023

/s/ Scott R. Behrens

Scott R. Behrens

President and Chief Executive Officer

### CERTIFICATION OF VICE PRESIDENT AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO EXCHANGE ACT RULE 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a)

#### I, Luis E. Rojo, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Stepan Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's independent registered public accounting firm and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which
    are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information;
     and
  - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 2, 2023

/s/ Luis E. Rojo

Luis E. Rojo

Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

### CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Stepan Company (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2023, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), each of the undersigned officers of the Company certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to such officer's knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 2, 2023

/s/ Scott R. Behrens

Name: Scott R. Behrens

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

/s/ Luis E. Rojo

Name: Luis E. Rojo

Title: Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 and is not being filed as part of the Report or as a separate disclosure document.